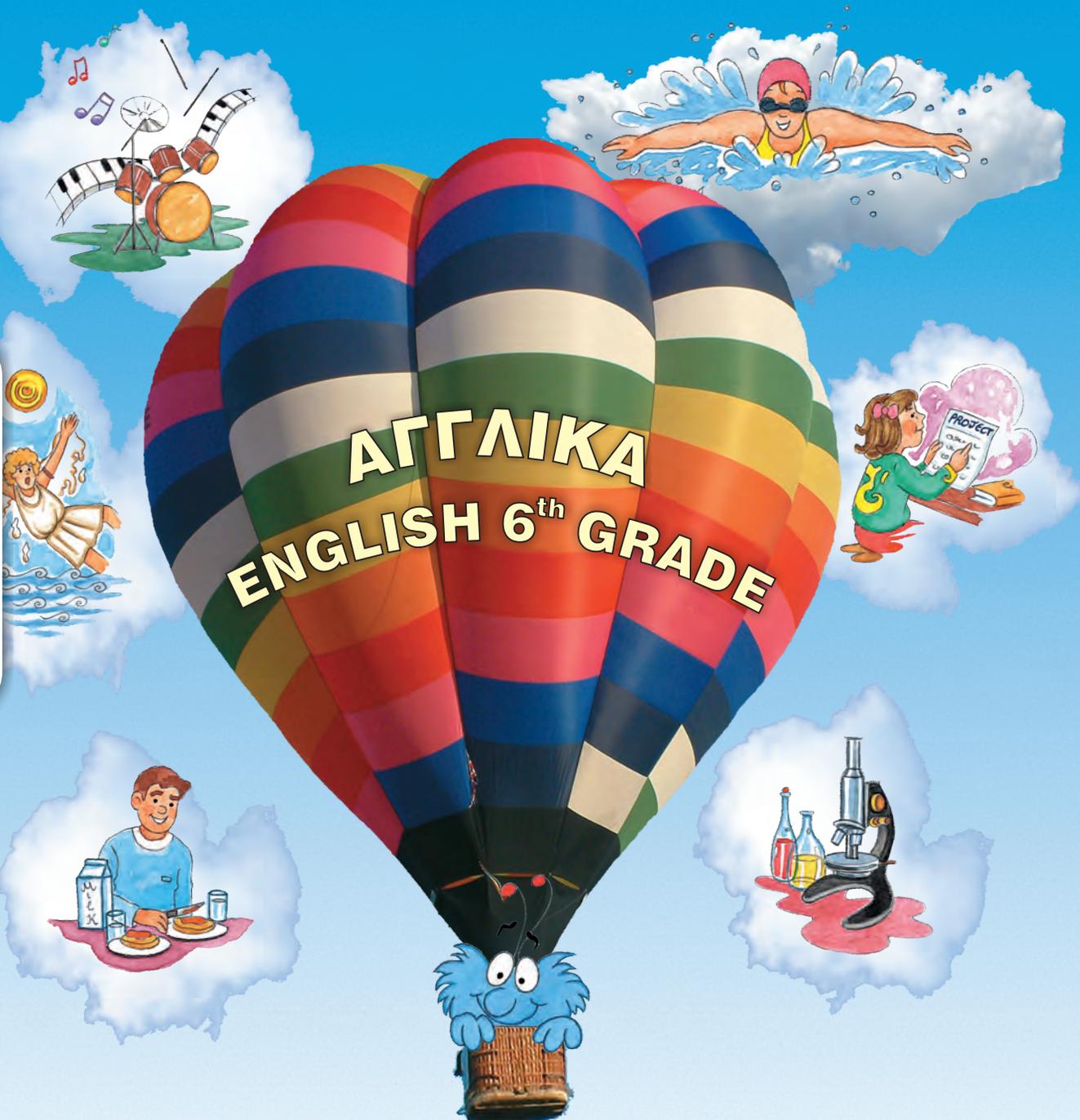


Ελένη Εφραιμίδου

Ελένη Ζών-Ρέππα

Φιλίτσα Φρουζάκη

ΣΤ' Δημοτικού



Pupil's Workbook

ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ ΣΤ' ΔΗΜΟΤΙΚΟΥ

Τετράδιο εργασιών

ΣΤΟΙΧΕΙΑ ΑΡΧΙΚΗΣ ΕΚΔΟΣΗΣ

ΣΥΓΓΡΑΦΕΙΣ	Ελένη Εφραιμίδου, Εκπαιδευτικός ΠΕ6 Ελένη Ζώη- Ρέππα, Σχολ. Σύμβουλος ΠΕ6 Φιλίτσα Φρουζάκη, Εκπαιδευτικός ΠΕ6
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ΦΙΛΟΛΟΓΙΚΗ ΕΠΙΜΕΛΕΙΑ	Σωτήριος Καραούλιας, Εκπαιδευτικός ΠΕ6
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ΑΝΑΔΟΧΟΣ	Μιχαήλ Λεβής ΑΕΤΕΝ. ΑΕ
ΠΡΟΕΚΤΥΠΩΤΙΚΕΣ ΕΡΓΑΣΙΕΣ	ΒΙΒΛΙΟΣΥΝΕΡΓΑΤΙΚΗ Α.Ε.Π.Ε.Ε

Γ' Κ.Π.Σ. / ΕΠΕΑΕΚ II / Ενέργεια 2.2.1 / Κατηγορία Πράξεων 2.2.1.α:
«Αναμόρφωση των προγραμμάτων σπουδών και συγγραφή νέων εκπαιδευτικών πακέτων»

ΠΑΙΔΑΓΩΓΙΚΟ ΙΝΣΤΙΤΟΥΤΟ
Δημήτριος Γ. Βλάχος
Ομότιμος Καθηγητής του Α.Π.Θ
Πρόεδρος του Παιδαγωγικού Ινστιτούτου

Πράξη με τίτλο:

«Συγγραφή νέων βιβλίων και παραγωγή
υποστηρικτικού εκπαιδευτικού υλικού με βάση
το ΔΕΠΠΣ και τα ΑΠΣ για το Δημοτικό και το Νηπιαγωγείο»

Επιστημονικός Υπεύθυνος Έργου
Γεώργιος Τύπας
Σύμβουλος Παιδαγωγικού Ινστιτούτου

Αναπληρωτής Επιστημονικός Υπεύθυνος Έργου
Γεώργιος Οικονόμου
Σύμβουλος Παιδαγωγικού Ινστιτούτου

Έργο συγχρηματοδοτούμενο 75% από το Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινωνικό Ταμείο και 25% από εθνικούς πόρους.

ΣΤΟΙΧΕΙΑ ΕΠΑΝΕΚΔΟΣΗΣ

Η επανέκδοση του παρόντος βιβλίου πραγματοποιήθηκε από το Ινστιτούτο Τεχνολογίας Υπολογιστών & Εκδόσεων «Διόφαντος» μέσω ψηφιακής μακέτας, η οποία δημιουργήθηκε με χρηματοδότηση από το ΕΣΠΑ / ΕΠ «Εκπαίδευση & Διά Βίου Μάθηση» / Πράξη «ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ».



Ευρωπαϊκή Ένωση
Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινωνικό Ταμείο



ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ & ΘΡΗΣΚΕΥΜΑΤΩΝ, ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ & ΑΘΛΗΤΙΣΜΟΥ
ΕΙΔΙΚΗ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΔΙΑΧΕΙΡΙΣΗΣ
Με τη συγχρηματοδότηση της Ελλάδας και της Ευρωπαϊκής Ένωσης



ΕΥΡΩΠΑΪΚΟ ΚΟΙΝΩΝΙΚΟ ΤΑΜΕΙΟ

Οι διορθώσεις πραγματοποιήθηκαν κατόπιν έγκρισης του Δ.Σ. του Ινστιτούτου Εκπαιδευτικής Πολιτικής

ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ, ΕΡΕΥΝΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΘΡΗΣΚΕΥΜΑΤΩΝ
ΙΝΣΤΙΤΟΥΤΟ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΥΤΙΚΗΣ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΚΗΣ

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ΑΝΑΔΟΧΟΣ ΣΥΓΓΡΑΦΗΣ: Μιχαήλ Λεβής Α.Ε.  Linguaphone

Η συγγραφή και η επιστημονική επιμέλεια του βιβλίου πραγματοποιήθηκε
υπό την αιγίδα του Παιδαγωγικού Ινστιτούτου

ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ ΣΤ' ΔΗΜΟΤΙΚΟΥ

Τετράδιο εργασιών

1. Make a list of people you know from other countries:

2. Can you find the words "river" and "mountain" in other languages? You can ask your friends from other countries or search online.

English:	river	mountain
French:		
German:		
Italian:		
Albanian:		
Bulgarian:		
Romanian:		
Russian:		



A. Vocabulary

1. Match the country with the nationality

Greece	French
Great Britain	Greek
France	British
India	Chinese
Bulgaria	Albanian
Albania	Bulgarian
Poland	American
Ukraine	Indian
China	Polish
America	Ukrainian

2. Find examples of the following landforms in your Greek Geography map and write them in the table below:

river	
peninsula	
mountain	
island	
plain	
lake	
bay	
gulf	

UNIT 1

3. Write the name of each school subject:



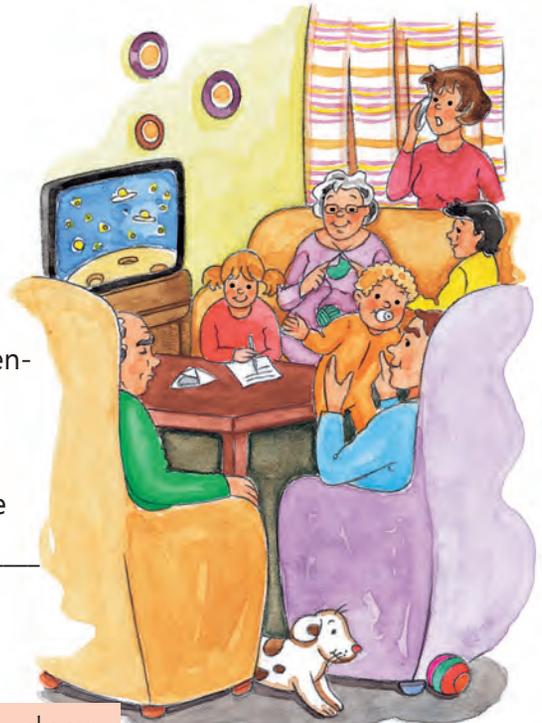
B. Grammar

1. TONY PAPADOPOULOS IS YOUR CLASSMATE.
MEET HIS FAMILY.

I. What are they doing now?

Choose a verb from the list and complete the text.

- Mr Papadopoulos _____ the baby.
- Mrs Papadopoulos _____ on the phone.
- Sophia, their daughter, _____ a letter to her pen-friend.
- Tonny, their son, _____ his favourite TV series.
- The grandparents _____ in their armchairs. The grandfather _____ and the grandmother _____ a pair of socks for the baby.
- Their dog _____ after a ball.



watch, write, sit, knit, look after, talk, run, sleep

II. What do they do every day? Choose a verb from the list to complete the text. You can use the negative, if you want.

- Mr Papadopoulos _____ very early.
He _____ breakfast for his wife and children.
- Mrs Papadopoulos _____ the baby before she _____ for work at 7.45.
- The grandparents _____ very early. They _____ in bed until everybody _____ and then they _____ of the baby.
- The children _____ to school because it is not near their house. They _____ the bus every morning.
- Mr. Papadopoulos _____ to work on foot. His store is near the house. He _____ it at 8.30.
- The dog is very lazy in the morning. He _____ to get up. He _____ his legs on the carpet until 9.



make, open, walk, feed, get up, stay, catch, stretch, get up, leave, want, take care, leave, go

2. PRESENT CONTINUOUS OR PRESENT SIMPLE?

Fill in the dialogue with the correct verb.

- George:** I like this restaurant!
- Helena:** Yes, I always _____ here on Saturday nights. The food is delicious. Oh! Here is Mr. Thanos, the owner of the restaurant.
- Mr Thanos:** We always _____ a variety of meals on Saturday nights. Come and see our cuisine.
- Helena and George:** Ok.
- Mr Thanos:** Here we are. This is our chef, Bill.
He _____ a chicken soup at the moment.
- Bill:** Actually, I _____ a chicken salad. The soup is ready.
- Helena:** Is this parsley?
- Bill:** Yes, I usually _____ onions in but tonight I _____ parsley as well.
- George:** Oh! It smells nice!
- Bill:** Thank you.

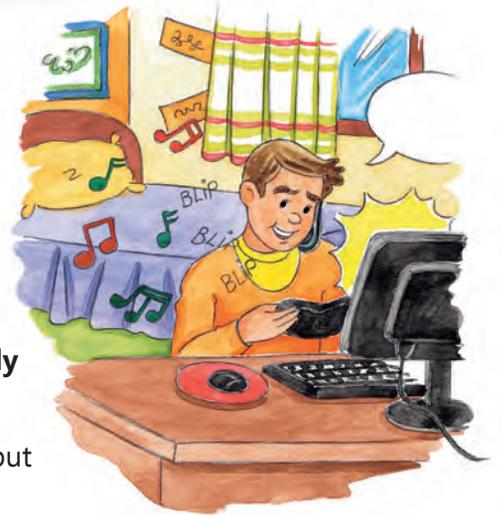


prepare, put, come, cook, make, put

UNIT 1

3. Read the dialogue and underline the correct verbs.

- Hi Petros!
- Oh! Hello George!
- What **do you do/are you doing** now?
- Well, **I'm listening/ listen** to music and **I'm playing/ play** video games. I **always listen / am always listening** to music when **I play/I am playing** video games.
- What kind of music **do you usually listen/ are you usually listening** to?
- **I usually listen / I'm usually listening** to classical music but today **I listen/ I'm listening** to rock music!
- You seem to be in a good mood. How about inviting me to listen to your music together?
- Oh! That's a good idea. Please come over...



4. Use the following adverbs of frequency to write true sentences about your habits and routines in summer.

usually, often, never, always, sometimes, rarely

Example: I usually swim in summer.

Handwritten practice area with several horizontal lines on a piece of paper with a torn edge.

5. You are a reporter. You are interviewing a famous film star / singer / football player. Write your questions.



- Who _____ ?
- Where _____ ?
- When _____ ?
- What _____ ?
- How _____ ?

C. READING and WRITING

1. Your friend Nick has gone to Bucksport, Maine, United States.
Read his letter and answer these questions:

Helen and me with George Hurley

- Where is Bucksport?
- Is Nick alone at Bucksport?
- What is he doing at the moment?
- What is the weather like in Bucksport?
- What kind of work do the people of Bucksport do?
- What do people do in their free time?
- What places of interest can you visit in Bucksport?

Bucksport, Maine

Dear Tom and Jane,

I'm so happy to be here at Bucksport, a small town in the State of Maine. The weather is cold and snowy. Helen and I are staying at George Hurley's, our friend's house. The Hurleys are very nice people. At the moment we are having a hot cup of tea and enjoying the fantastic view of the harbour. Mrs Hurley, our friend's mother, is baking some brownies for us. Brownies are people's favourite dessert here.

Bucksport is a quiet, coastal town at the end of Penobscot Bay. The visitors enjoy the view of Fort Knox which stands across the bay. The people of Bucksport work in the paper mill - the International Paper Company- of the town or they run their own business. They are very friendly, hospitable and talkative. They like sports very much. They usually ski, sail, play golf, basketball or tennis. When they don't do sports, they take a walk along the mile-long marina.

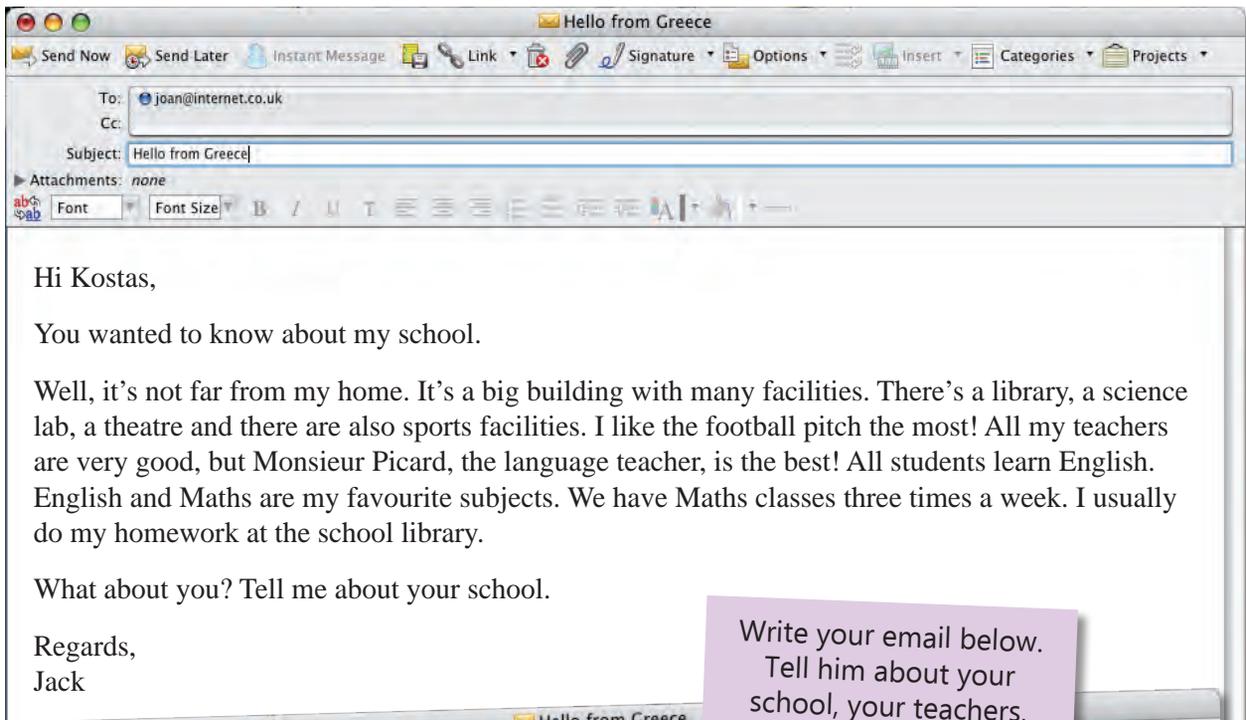
Bucksport is a special town to visit. I'm so happy here. I don't want to leave this relaxing place.

Kisses
Nick

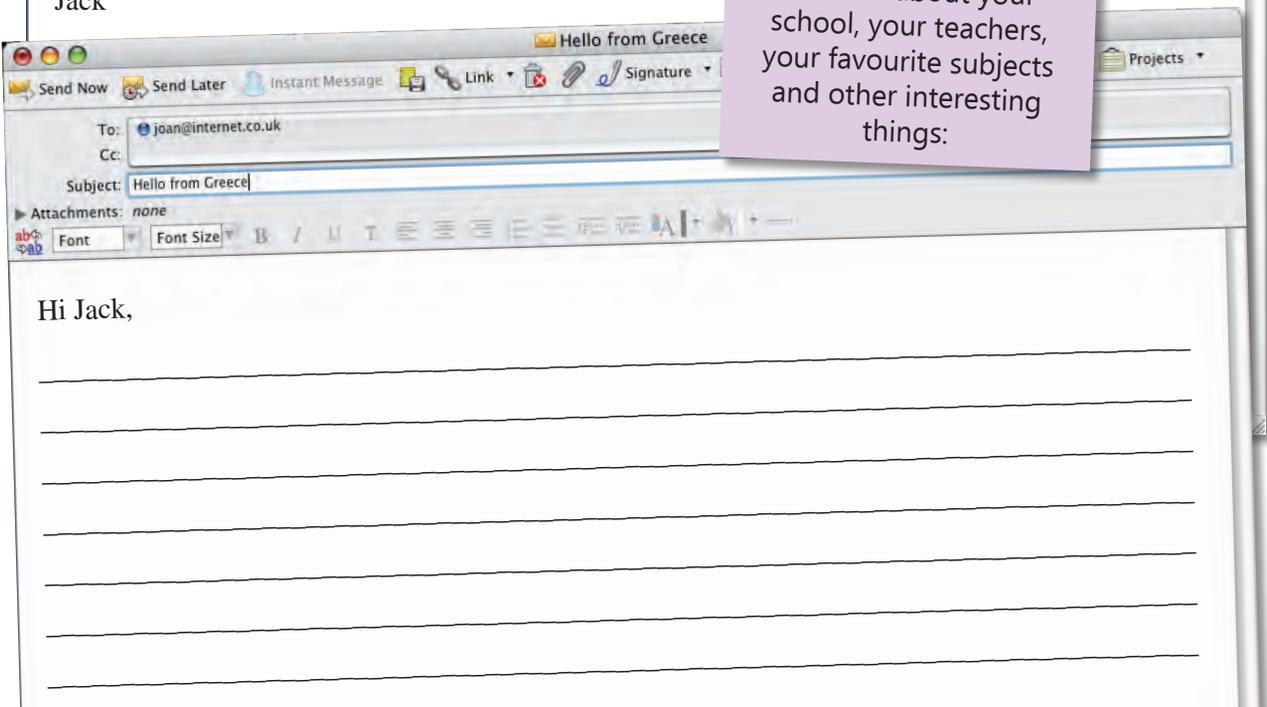
UNIT 1

2. Writing a letter
Imagine you are on holidays with your parents.
Write a letter to your friend about that place.
3. This is an e-mail from your friend Jack from Bordeaux, France.
Read his message and send him your answer.

Write about the location
the weather
the sights
the people and
your own opinion
about the place.



Write your email below.
Tell him about your school, your teachers, your favourite subjects and other interesting things:



D. SPEAKING

This is a snapshot you took with your mobile on your last holiday. Show it to your friend and tell him what is going on in the photo.



Start like this:

— Look! Here I am on the beach. It's a hot day and the beach is crowded. Two young girls are walking next to me. They are so beautiful! ...

E. MEDIATION

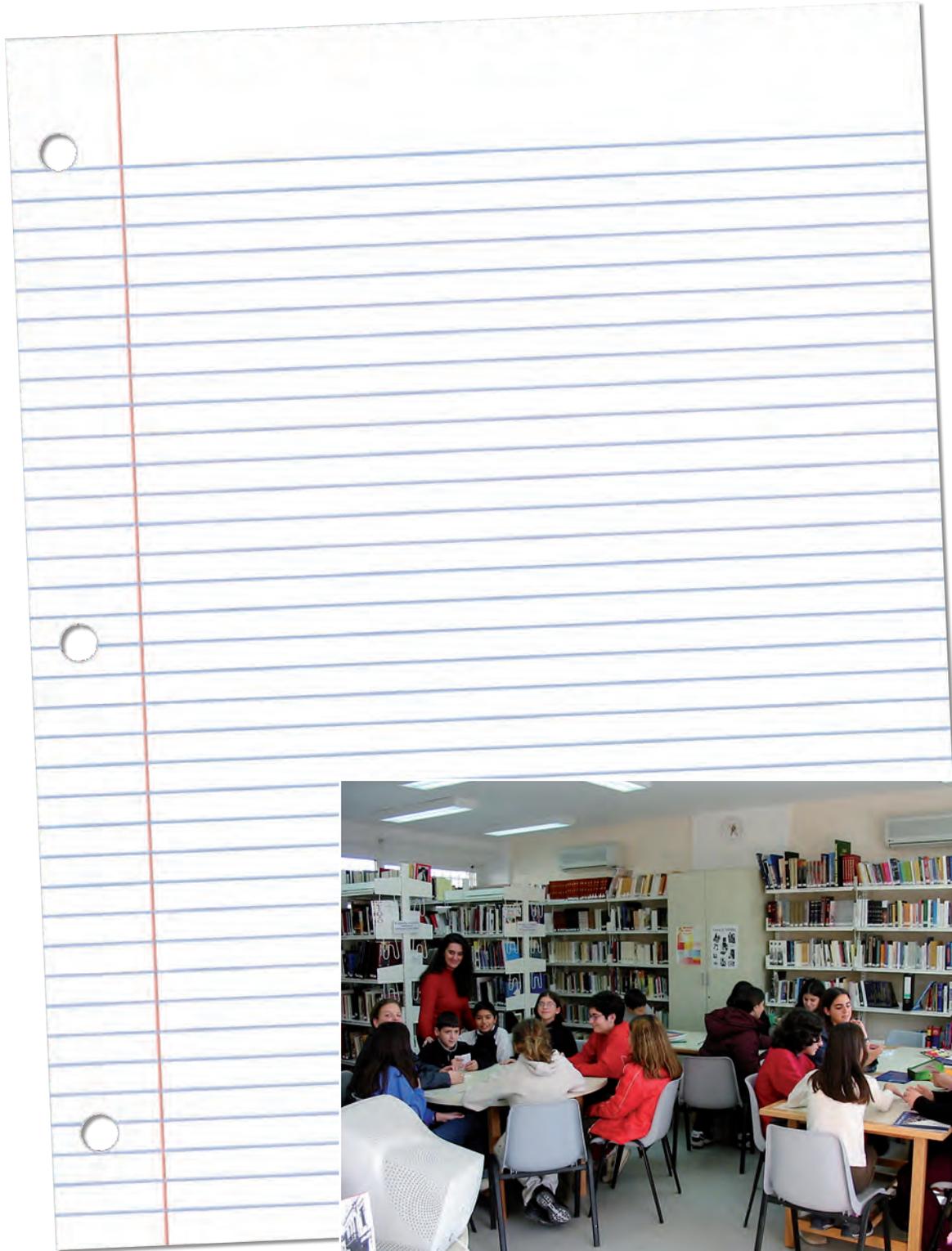
This is your weekly schedule at school. Write a note to your friend Peter in the UK telling him about the subjects you do each day.

ΔΕΥΤΕΡΑ	ΤΡΙΤΗ	ΤΕΤΑΡΤΗ	ΠΕΜΠΤΗ	ΠΑΡΑΣΚΕΥΗ
Γλώσσα	Γλώσσα	Γλώσσα	Γλώσσα	Γυμναστική
Γλώσσα	Γλώσσα	Γλώσσα	Γλώσσα	Καλλιτεχνικά
Μαθηματικά	Μουσική	Αγγλικά	Αγγλικά	Γεωγραφία
Κοινωνική Αγωγή*	Μαθηματικά	Ιστορία	Θρησκευτικά**	Αγγλικά
Φυσική	Γυμναστική	Μαθηματικά	Μαθηματικά	Θρησκευτικά
Ιστορία	Φυσική	Φυσική	Γεωγραφία	Ολυμπιακή Παιδεία***

* Κοινωνική Αγωγή: Citizenship ** Θρησκευτικά: Religion *** Ολυμπιακή Παιδεία: Olympic Education

UNIT 1

Write your note here.



1. Name some shops in your area where you can buy dresses or trousers.

2. Where or how do you usually buy your clothes?



A. Vocabulary

1. Name the shops in the pictures and write what you can buy in each of them.



We go to the butcher's to buy _____



We go to the _____ to buy _____



We go to the _____ to buy _____



We go to the _____ to buy _____



We go to the _____ to buy _____

UNIT 2

2. Where can you find these things? Match.

- A. A watch and a bracelet
- B. A bunch of flowers
- C. A newspaper
- D. A pen and envelopes
- E. Stamps

- newsagent's _____
- post office _____
- jewellery _____
- florist's _____
- stationer's _____

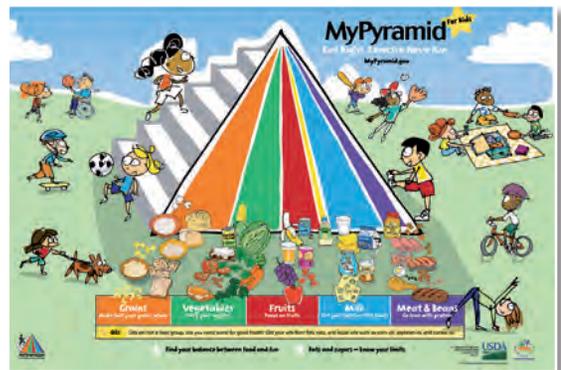
3. Match the following (some other combinations are also possible):

a bar of	bread
a loaf of	jam
a dozen of	eggs
a can of	chocolate
a jar of	mince
two pounds of	milk
a bottle of	muffins
two packets of	cider
a carton of	orange juice

4. Complete the sentences with the following words.

mince, chops, organic, ribs, fruit, vegetables, flans, cakes

- a. Many people buy _____ products these days. They are good for our health.
- b. Riki is greedy. She wants to eat pork _____ for breakfast and lamb _____ for dinner
- c. Jim doesn't like fruit _____ for breakfast. He prefers cream _____.
- d. Jane needs a pound of _____ to make meat balls.
- e. If you are on a diet, you should eat a lot of _____ and _____.



5. What is your favourite kind of cake? Write what things you need to make it. You can ask someone else if you don't know.

I need a cup of butter,



6. Complete the dialogue between a customer (C) and the assistant (A) with lines a-g.

a Here is your change.

b No, I don't think so.

c How much is this?

d That's a nice idea!

e What size does he take?

f What does he look like?

g I'm looking for a Father's Day gift.

A: How can I help you young lady?

C: (1)

A: How about getting your father a nice T-shirt?

C: (2)

A: (3)

C: He wears medium

A: Do you think this brown T-shirt suits him?

C: (4)

A: (5)

C: He is dark with brown hair and brown eyes. I think the yellow one suits him better. (6)

A: It's 25 euros.

C: Here you are!

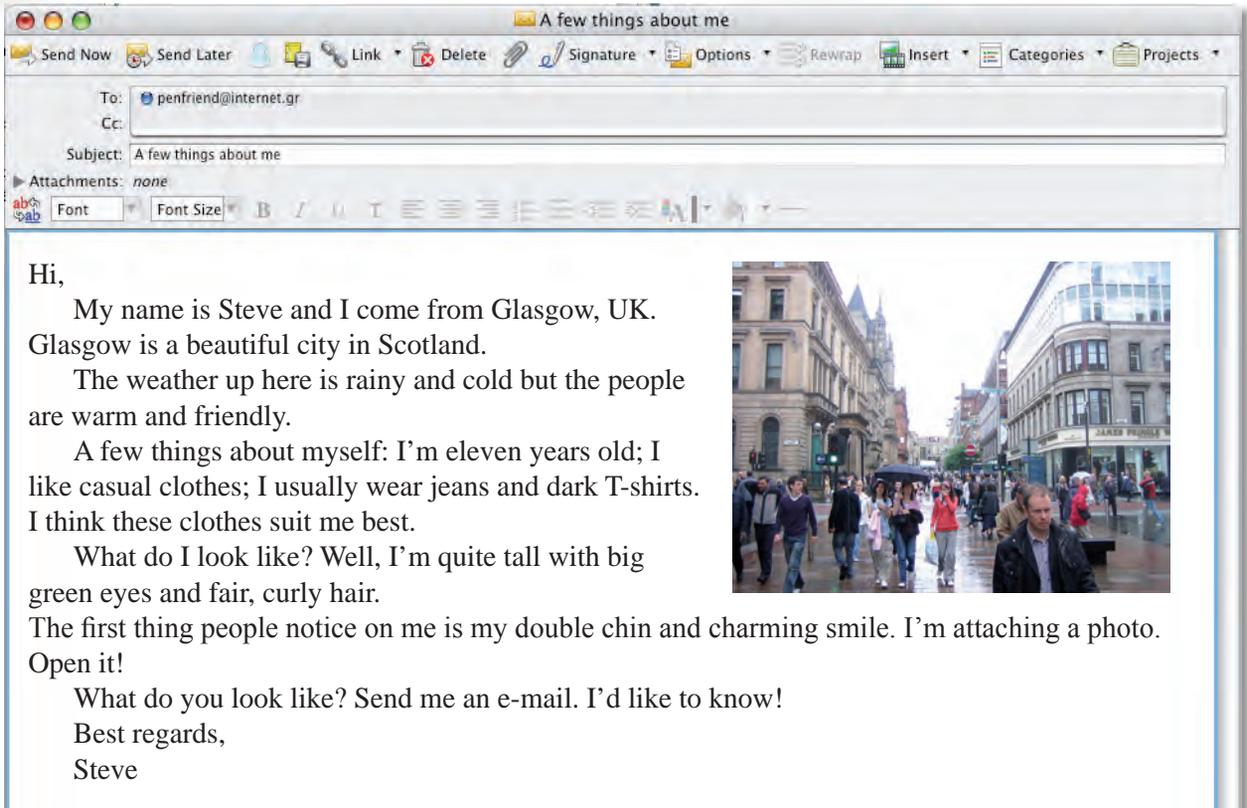
A: (7)

7. Your pen friend in Glasgow has sent you the e-mail on next page. Read it and answer the following questions:

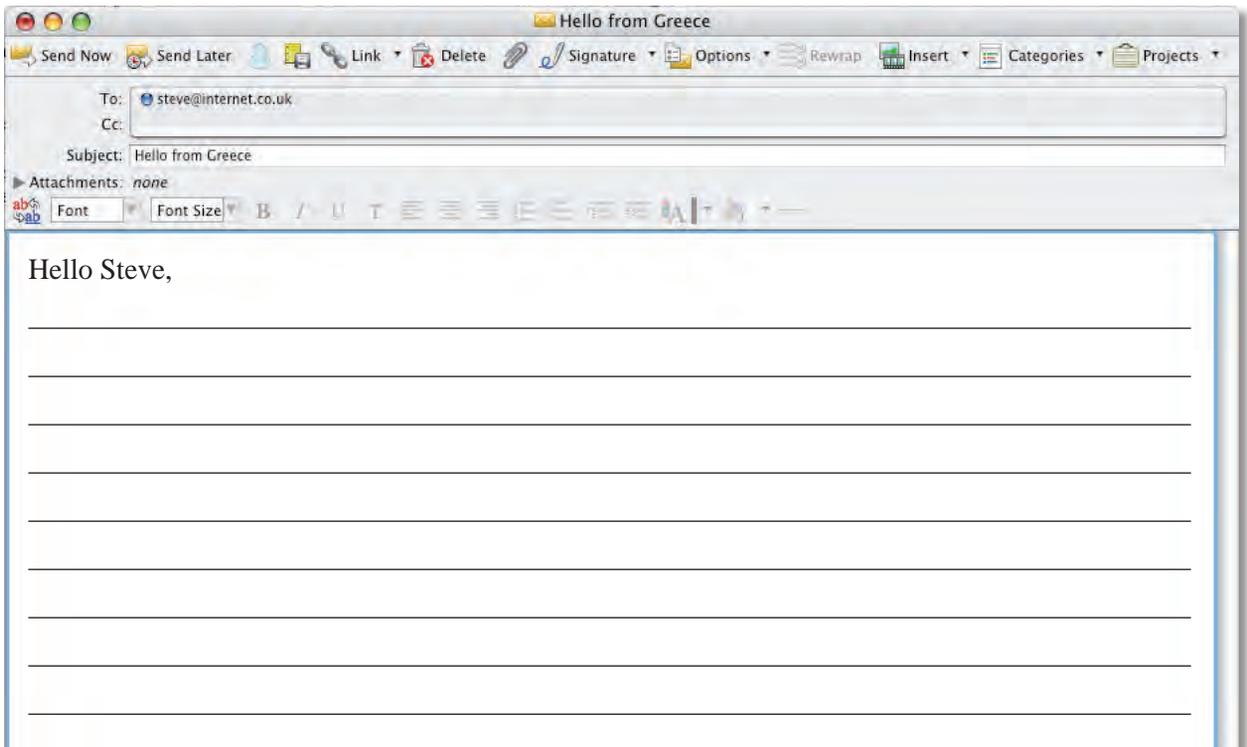
- Where does Steve come from?
- What's the weather like in his hometown?
- Which clothes suit him best?
- What does he look like?



UNIT 2



Now send your pen-friend an e-mail telling him about yourself. Write about the area you live in, your favourite clothes and what you look like.



B. Grammar

1. Complete the dialogue with a, some and any.

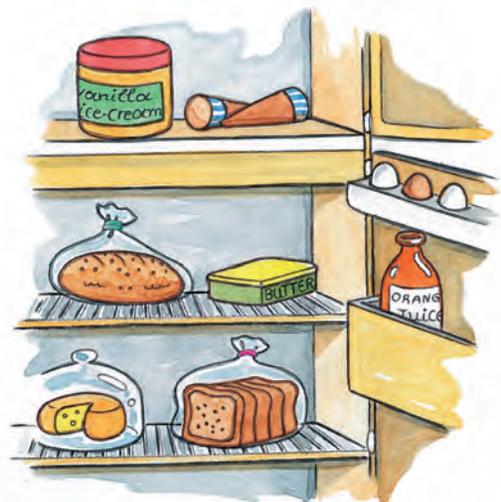
- Markos:** Mum, what do you want me to buy from the supermarket?
Mother: Well, we haven't got ____ bread or butter.
Markos: Ok then, I'll get ____ bread and ____ butter. Do we have ____ milk?
Mother: Yes... we have ____ but we want to make ____ cake. So buy ____ carton.
Markos: All right mum. Can I buy ____ bottle of orange juice too?
Mother: Yes, sure... if you have enough money...

2. Complete the dialogue using how much and how many.

- _____ does a packet of sugar cost?
 — It costs 65 cents. _____ packets do you need?
 — Just one. I also want to buy some eggs and some bread.
 — _____ eggs do you want and _____ bread?
 — I'd like a dozen of eggs and a loaf of bread please.
 — Well, sure... Here you are.

3. Your friend Stella is hungry. She's asking you the following questions about the food in the fridge. Look at your fridge and give your answers.

- Stella:** I'm very hungry. Is there anything to eat?
You: Yes, there are many things in the fridge. What would you like?
Stella: Is there any bread in the fridge?
You: Yes, _____.
Stella: Are there any sausages?
You: No, _____ but we can make an omelette with cheese and eggs.
Stella: Is there any butter?
You: Yes, of course _____
Stella: How about something to drink?
 Is there any coca-cola?
You: No, _____ but we have orange juice which is good for us.
Stella: Now, what's for dessert? Are there any doughnuts?
You: No, _____ doughnuts but _____ ice-cream.
Stella: great!!! Let's prepare our meal!



UNIT 2

4. Choose the correct answer.

1. There is ____ bread on the table.
 - a. a
 - b. an
 - c. a loaf of

2. We haven't got ____ butter in the fridge.
 - a. a
 - b. some
 - c. any

3. ____ orange juice have we got?
 - a. how
 - b. how much
 - c. how many

4. We need ____ egg for this cake.
 - a. much
 - b. many
 - c. an

5. Mary has got ____ money in her pocket.
 - a. a
 - b. some
 - c. an

6. Terry wants to buy ____ beer for his father.
 - a. two bottles of
 - b. many
 - c. a packet of

7. I haven't got ____ money today.
 - a. some
 - b. much
 - c. many

8. Susan drinks ____ orange juice.
 - a. much
 - b. many
 - c. a lot of

9. There is ____ sugar in the pot. Let's buy some.
 - a. few
 - b. little
 - c. any

10. There aren't ____ eggs left. How are we going to make the omelette?
 - a. many
 - b. much
 - c. few

5. You and your friend are in a restaurant. Order something to eat and to drink.

(Use a, some, a bottle of, etc.)

Waiter: What would you like to eat?

You: I would like _____
and _____

Your friend: I would like _____
and _____

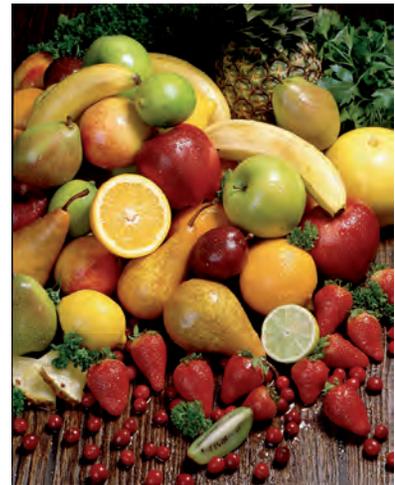


6. A SURVEY: Is your diet healthy? How much/many of these foods do you eat each week? Complete the table:

FOOD	NOT ANY	NOT MUCH	NOT MANY	SOME	A LOT
meat and poultry					
fish					
vegetables					
hamburgers & pizzas					
fruit					
dairy products					
sweets & deserts					

Do you have a healthy diet?

Yes, I do/ No, I don't because _____



7. A reporter is doing a research on the foods young people eat. Read the interview below and find 5 mistakes Paul made while speaking. There is an example.

Well, When I am at the supermarket I want to spend ~~much~~ time looking around at all the different products. I don't eat many frozen food. I prefer fresh vegetables and fruit. I usually buy many different vegetables and much apples. I don't eat many meat either. I like fish better. I always buy any fish when I am at the supermarket. What I can not resist are the sweets. I want to buy them all!

a lot of



PAUL

8. You and your best friend are at a clothes store. He/she wants to buy a T-shirt. Try to persuade him/her that the one he/she is trying on is not a good choice.



Use expressions like: it doesn't fit, it doesn't match, the sleeves are short/long, it doesn't suit you, etc. Write the dialogue:

YOUR FRIEND

YOU

C. Mediation

You are in a supermarket with a friend from Australia. He can see some signs on the racks but he/she cannot understand any Greek. Try to explain what the signs are about.

ΟΛΟΦΡΕΣΚΕΣ ΠΑΣΤΕΣ

ΑΓΟΡΑΖΟΝΤΑΣ ΔΥΟ, ΤΟ ΕΝΑ ΔΩΡΟ
1 + 1 = 1

ΟΙ ΦΟΡΜΕΣ ΓΥΜΝΑΣΤΙΚΗΣ ΣΗΜΕΡΑ ΣΤΗ ΜΙΣΗ ΤΙΜΗ!

Δεχόμαστε Πιστωτικές Κάρτες

ΜΕΓΑΛΕΣ ΠΡΟΣΦΟΡΕΣ ΣΗΜΕΡΑ

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Shopping list:



D. Writing



It's your birthday soon and you want to organize a party for your friends. Make a shopping list for your party. Put it in your **portfolio**.

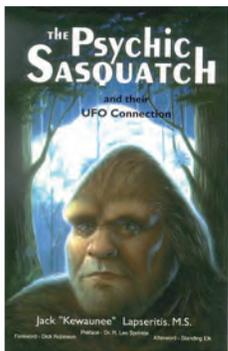


A. Vocabulary

1. Put the following monster adjectives in 3 lists:

vicious, large, disgusting, savage, fierce, unattractive, delicate, dangerous, tiny, friendly, good-hearted, smart, frightening, funny, monstrous, mysterious, naughty, ugly, huge, delightful, cunning, oversized, horrible, unpredictable, supernatural, hideous, playful

SIZE	CHARACTER	APPEARANCE



2. Match the opposites

3. Now you give the opposites:

A	B
huge	good - hearted
horrible	lovely
vicious	good
naughty	serious
playful	tiny

attractive	unattractive
friendly	
active	
happy	
expensive	
kind	
predictable	

4. Match the words in column A with the words in column B

A	B
sleep	exhausted
very tired	I am afraid
warm and comfortable	path
track	turn in
ruins	cosy
I am scared	remains

5. Complete the dialogue with sentences a-d

- a. We could never accept money for a service as small as this.
- b. You look so exhausted!
- c. We are travelling as far as New York but it's already dark.
- d. They are freshly baked.



— Good evening! Sorry for disturbing you so late. Can we spend the night with you here? _____ (1) We feel so tired!

— We are about to turn in, but please, welcome! _____ (2) Our house is not as luxurious as a hotel but it's cosy!

Please, have a cup of hot tea and some cakes. _____ (3)

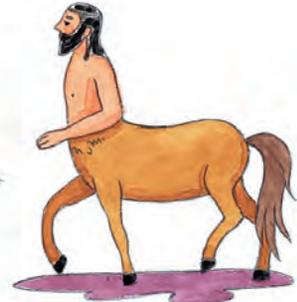
Thank you. I haven't tasted cakes as delicious as these before!

— Please allow me to pay for the room and food you are giving us.

— Oh, no! _____ (4). We consider you as our guests.




6. Match the texts with the pictures. Then find 4 adjectives to describe each one of them.



- a. These beings are half man and half horse. They live in the mountains and forests and their food is raw meat. They like wine very much and follow Dionysus, the god of wine. Some of them are savage and **violent** but others are **hospitable** and **good hearted**.
- b. This creature was once a beautiful woman. Now, she looks **horrible** and her hair is a mass of serpents. The serpents have huge heads, bronze hands and golden wings. Anyone who meets and looks at this **hideous** and **unfriendly** creature turns to stone immediately from a horrible fear. Poseidon is the only immortal who was not afraid of this **disgusting** creature and had a child with her.
- c. It is **huge** and has the head of a bull and the body of a man. Its house is the labyrinth. Every year the **fierce** creature eats seven boys and seven girls sent from Athens. Theseus manages to kill this **vicious** and **insensitive** beast with the help of Ariadne, King Mino's daughter.
- d. This **wicked** and **ugly** monster has the face of a woman, the chest, feet and tail of a lion; and wings of a bird. The **cruel** and **cunning** creature asks the passers-by this riddle: "*What is it that has four feet in the morning, two at noon, and three at night?*" If people don't know the answer, they die immediately. Only Oedipus manages to solve the riddle: Humans who crawl on four when they are babies, walk on their two feet when they grow up, and use a cane later when they become very old.

7. Describe your favourite comic hero using as many adjectives as you can. What does he/she look like? What is he/she like?

B. Grammar

1. Compare the two pictures. Use the adjectives in brackets.

Example: Tinkerbelle's Bed and Shrek's bed (comfortable)

Tinkerbelle's bed is more comfortable than Shrek's bed.



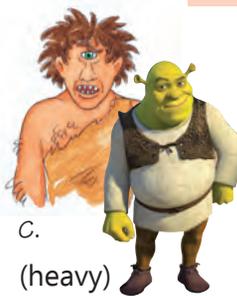
Shrek



Tinkerbelle



a. Astérix and Obélix
(strong)



c.
(heavy)



b. Cinderella's clothes and Tinkerbelle's clothes
(beautiful)



d. (pictures of Shrek and his princess)
(ugly)

2. Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets. Begin with the first words given:

a. The Amazon River / the Mississippi River. (long)

The Amazon river _____.

b. India / Saudi Arabia (populated)

India _____.

c. New York / Los Angeles (large)

New York _____.

d. Canada / Antarctica (cold)

Antarctica _____.

e. Mount Everest / Mount Kilimanjaro (high)

Mount Everest _____.

f. The Lake Baikal / Caspian Sea (deep)

Lake Baikal _____.

3. Complete with the superlative of the adjectives. Did you know that?

- a. Asia is the _____ continent in the world? (large) (44,579,000 sq km)
- b. Africa is the continent with the _____ counties? (many) (53)
- c. The Pacific Ocean is the _____ ocean on Earth? (deep) (10,924 m)
- d. The Vatican is the _____ country in the world? (small) (0.44 sq km)
- e. Luxembourg is the _____ country in the world? (rich) (GNP \$45,360)
- f. Mozambique is the _____ country in the world? (poor) (GNP \$80)
- g. The Nile is the _____ river on Earth? (long) (6,825 km)

4. Some facts about Athens: fill in the correct form of the adjectives.

- a. Athens is the (large) _____ city in Greece.
- b. No other Greek city has as (many) _____ inhabitants as Athens.
- c. The Athens underground is the (new) _____ underground in Europe.
- d. The Parthenon is one of the (famous) _____ sights worldwide.
- e. Athens is one of the (old) _____ cities in the world.

5. Look at the information about the two houses and write sentences to compare them: Use comparatives with *than* and *as... as...*



The Bell House (1995)
4 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms,
2 living rooms
€ 230,000



Luis Place (1970)
3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms,
2 living rooms
€ 175,000

UNIT 3

6. Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adverbs in brackets

- a. The lorry driver drives _____ (carefully) than the taxi driver.
- b. Sophia sings _____ (beautifully) of all.
- c. Peter works _____ (hard) than Jerry.
- d. Aeroplanes travel _____ (fast) of all travel means.
- e. Helen dances _____ (bad) than Sonia.



7. Read the two sentences. Then, form new sentences using the words in brackets

- a. Markos is 11 years old
Dimitris is 11 years old (AS)

- b. Georgia sings beautifully in her class
Martha sings more beautifully than any other girl (OF)

- c. Jim has got 7 euros
Terry has got 9 euros (MORE)

- d. Alan works three hours every day
Ted works four hours every day (HARDER)

- e. The beaches on this island are clean
This beach is cleaner than all the others (THE)

8. Look at the information about the two monsters and write 3 sentences using *as ... as* and the adjectives in the box.



A
age: **78 yrs**
weight: **130 kg**
height: **2 ft**

old
heavy/light
few/many



B
age: **75 yrs**
weight: **235 kg**
height: **4 ft**

9. Your friend has written these sentences but he / she is not sure if the words in bold are correct or not. Help your friend and correct the wrong words.

- a. Come **quick** or we will miss the bus.
- b. You are driving so **dangerous** that I am afraid we are going to have an accident.



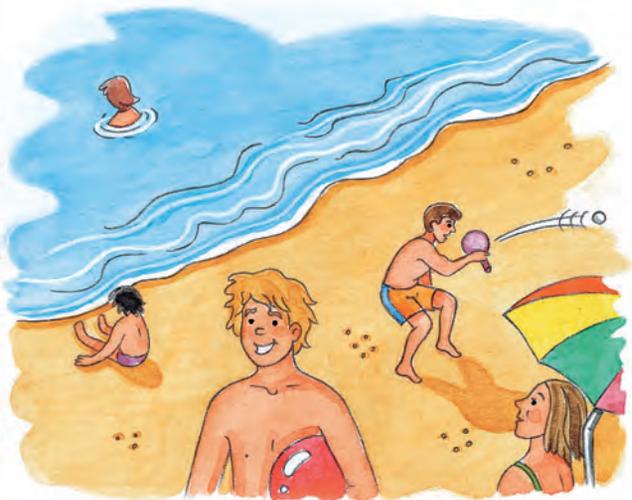
- c. Susan works **harder** than John.
- d. Roses smell very **sweet**.
- e. You look **angrily**. Why?
- f. She dances very **good**.
- g. Which is **worst**, a toothache or a headache?
- h. That is the **worst** thing that could happen to me.
- i. My mother drinks the **least** beer in the family.
- j. Steve draws **better** than Stanley.



10. Spot the differences in the two pictures and write sentences using the adjectives: tall, short, new, crowded, old, big, small, relaxed



Picture A



Picture B

Start like this: The boy in picture A is **taller than** the boy in picture B.

11. Read the following dialogue and complete the exercises that follow.

Anna: What's your city like?

Helen: It's beautiful. There are large parks, high buildings, interesting shops. The streets are wide. Fast cars and buses take busy people to their jobs in the mornings. There are many cinemas, museums, sport facilities, playgrounds, restaurants, hospitals and many schools, too. My city is fantastic!

Anna: So, I see... You live in the most beautiful city, with the largest parks, the tallest buildings, the most interesting shops, the widest streets, the busiest people... Helen, you live in the most unbelievable city in the world...

Helen: Yes, that's true... What about you Anna, what's your village like?

Anna: My village is beautiful, too. I love it so much! The air is fresh and life is relaxing. The houses are small but pretty and there are gardens outside. The streets are narrow and the cars and buses are a few. People walk to their jobs. There is one cinema, two restaurants, a few shops, one hospital and one primary school. Children are happy and walk to school every sunny morning. My village is fantastic, too!

Complete with the correct form of adjectives:

a. In the unbelievable city:

There are _____ (wide) streets in the world.

Buses and cars are _____ (fast) in the world.

Shops in my town are _____ (interesting) in the world.

b. Now complete the texts about city life and village life:

In the village, the air is _____ (fresh) than in the city.

The streets are _____ (narrow and few) and the shops are not

_____ (interesting) _____ in the city. Life here, however, is _____ (relaxing) and children walk to school _____ (happy) every morning.

In the city, life is _____ (busy) than life in the village. Streets are _____ (wide),

buses and cars are _____ (many) and they travel _____ (fast) than the cars in

the village. However, there are _____ (interesting) shops and _____ (many)

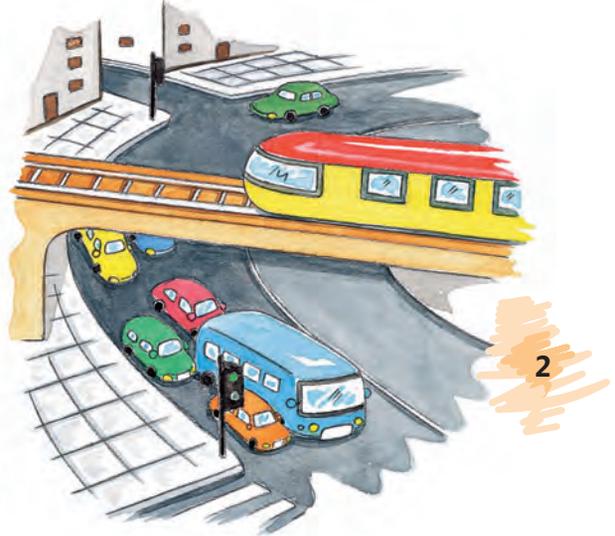
restaurants, cinemas, museums and schools and life here is _____ (fantastic) _____ in the village, too.



Now write a paragraph about the two places:

Example: Helen's city is as beautiful as Anna's village. The buildings in the city are higher than the village houses but the village houses are prettier...

12. Look at the two pictures and compare the means of transport using adjectives like: *safe, dangerous, fast, slow, comfortable, easy, expensive, cheap, tiring...* or their adverbs.

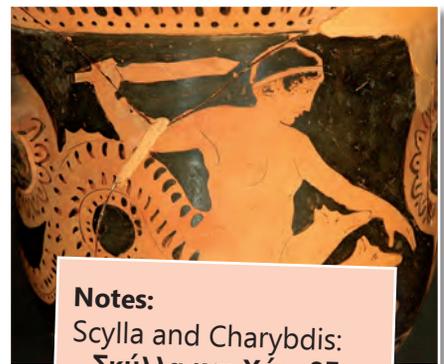


Example: In picture 1, the steam train travels more slowly than the train in picture 2.
 or The train in picture 1 is slower than the train in picture 2.

C. MEDIATION

Read the following text. Then write a note to your friend Bernand who doesn't know Greek telling him where you think this text is from and what it is all about.

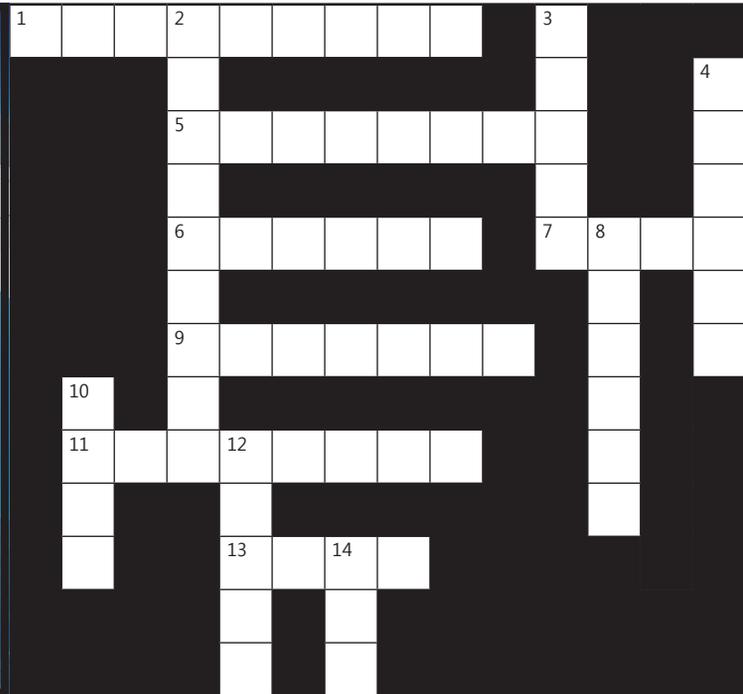
Η Σκύλλα και η Χάρυβδη.
 Είναι δυο θαλάσσια τέρατα, που ζουν σε δύο αντικριστές σπηλιές στα στενά της Σικελίας ή του Γιβραλτάρ. Η Σκύλλα είναι ένα τέρας με 6 κεφάλια, τρώει μεγάλα ψάρια αλλά και ανθρώπους, που περνούν με τα καράβια τους κοντά από τη σπηλιά της. Έτσι, κατάφερε να φάει τους συντρόφους του Οδυσσέα. Η Χάρυβδη μοιάζει με γοργόνα, δηλαδή από τη μέση και επάνω είναι γυναίκα και από τη μέση και κάτω είναι ψάρι. Ζει απέναντι από τη Σκύλλα και ρουφάει το νερό της θάλασσας μαζί με ό,τι βρίσκεται μέσα σ' αυτό.



Notes:
 Scylla and Charybdis:
 Σκύλλα και Χάρυβδη
 Gibraltar Straits:
 Στενά του Γιβραλτάρ
 Sicily: Σικελία

A. Vocabulary

1. CROSSWORD: The flight vocabulary



Across	Down
1. Planes sometimes fall into it.	2. A person travelling on a plane.
5. It lands on water.	3. A Concorde flies 5 times up the of sound.
6. A space shuttle has a strong one.	4. A journey in the air
7. This force pulls the plane backward.	8. It travels to the moon.
9. This force pulls the plane down.	10. A helicopter can anywhere.
11. The Wright brothers invented it.	12. The person who controls a plane.
13. This force pushes the plane upward.	14. Birds have got wings, so they can

2. Divide the following words into two groups: "PARTS OF THE PLANE" and "FORCES OF FLIGHT".

drag, tail, rudder, fuselage, landing gear, wings, engine, gravity, thrust, cockpit, lift

Parts of the plane	
Forces of flight	

3. Use the following words to complete the text:

took off, airhostess, air pocket, cockpit, landed, forces, pilot, fuselage, wings, tail, landing gear



The ¹..... of the plane welcomed the passengers on board. The ²..... asked them to fasten their seat belts and switch off their mobiles. When everything was ok, the plane ³..... It was a wonderful trip, the weather was fine and the plane didn't fall into a(n) ⁴..... Maria was sitting near the window and could admire the view from above. She remembered what she had learnt at school about the four ⁵..... of flight and she also tried to recognize some parts of the plane. The body of the plane is called the ⁶..... and the wheels of the plane are the ⁷..... Maria could see the ⁸..... from the window. The shape of the wings helps the plane travel fast and high. She could not see its ⁹..... which is at the back part of the plane. After 4 hours the plane ¹⁰..... at Heathrow airport in London. Maria asked the airhostess if she could visit the pilot who was in the ¹¹..... of the plane. The pilot showed her some of the instruments that make the plane fly and land. Maria was very happy about this exciting experience!!

4. Match the information with the types of planes:

SPACE SHUTTLE, SEAPLANE, BOEING 747, CONCORDE

- a. They can travel very quickly and can carry many people and goods.
- b. They fly at speeds 5 to 10 times the speed of sound.
- c. They can land on water.
- d. They can fly up to five times the speed of sound.

2



1



3



4



B. Grammar

1. Find the hidden irregular past tenses:

C	B	Q	A	F	O	F	L	E	W
A	I	L	M	E	N	Z	E	H	A
R	Y	M	A	T	S	E	K	I	B
C	A	P	D	O	S	A	T	R	U
M	E	F	E	L	L	D	I	R	I
A	U	S	T	E	L	V	H	D	L
T	H	O	U	G	H	T	O	S	T

2. Find the past simple of the verbs and complete the sentences:

buy, feel, give, drink, do, break, go

- Mary _____ her leg in the school yard yesterday.
- They _____ many souvenirs on their trip last year.
- He _____ me a free game ticket last week.
- You _____ to the wrong building last time.
- He _____ his homework last night.
- I _____ very tired after lunch the day before yesterday.
- I _____ all the milk in the carton this morning.

3. Match the question to the answer:

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1. Who built that building? | → | A. At a small shop |
| 2. Where did you go last night? | → | B. A famous architect |
| 3. Where did you buy that dress? | | C. At 8 o'clock |
| 4. When did she arrive? | | D. To the cinema |
| 5. What time did they fly? | | E. On Sunday |

UNIT 4

4. Markos went to a party last night and Mary wants to know all about it. What are her questions? Mark's answers in bold will help you.

Mary: Did you have a good time at the party, Mark?

Markos: Yes, **I had a very good time.**

Mary: Who _____

Markos: **My friend Bill** organized the party.

Mary: What kind of _____

Markos: It was a **birthday** party.

Mary: Whose _____

Markos: It was his **sister's** birthday.

Mary: How many _____

Markos: **About 15 children** were there.

Mary: When _____

Markos: The party started **at 7 o'clock.**

Mary: Were _____

Markos: **No, Peter and Joan weren't there.** But Julie was there, and I danced with her.

Mary: What _____ like?

Markos: The music was **fantastic. Very danceable.**

Mary: Did _____

Markos: No, I didn't eat **much.**

Mary: Did _____

Markos: **Yes, we all sang 'Happy birthday'.**



5. Look at the activities below and tick ✓ the things people did in Daedalus' time and cross out ✗ the things they didn't do:

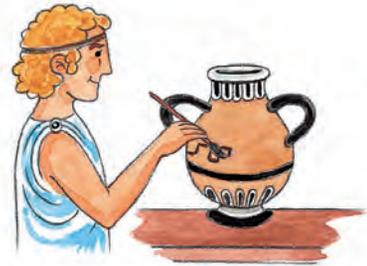
In Daedalus' time...



fly by plane ✗



eat cheeseburgers ✗



paint on pottery ✓



play computer games ✗



believe in the 12 gods ✓



play games of marbles ✓

6. Now write 3 things about what people didn't do in Daedalus' time:

Ex. People **didn't fly by plane** in Daedalus time.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

C. Reading and Writing

1. MY BEST HOLIDAY

Read about some pupils' holidays. Which one do you think is the best?

Mohammed

Last holiday I went to Palestine and saw Jerusalem and my grandfather's house.

Ala and Abdul

Last holiday we went to Petra in Jordan, we took a bus and we arrived at 10 o'clock. We saw some camels and the Treasury... We enjoyed ourselves very much.

Hussam

Last holiday I went to Syria. I bought some shoes and I ate fish and I drank orange juice. I stayed in a hotel. I swam in the sea.

Elna

Last holiday I went to Paris. I travelled by plane. I ate a big meal and I drank apple juice. I listened to my walkman. I arrived in the evening and then I went to the hotel by taxi. I slept for a long time. I got up early. At 9 o'clock I went to visit the Eiffel Tower and Disneyland. I bought some toys for my brother. In the afternoon I walked to the restaurant and I ate fish.

Now think about YOUR best holiday. Where did you go? What did you do? Write about it.



Your name: _____

Last holiday I _____

2. An inventor: ALESSANDRO VOLTA

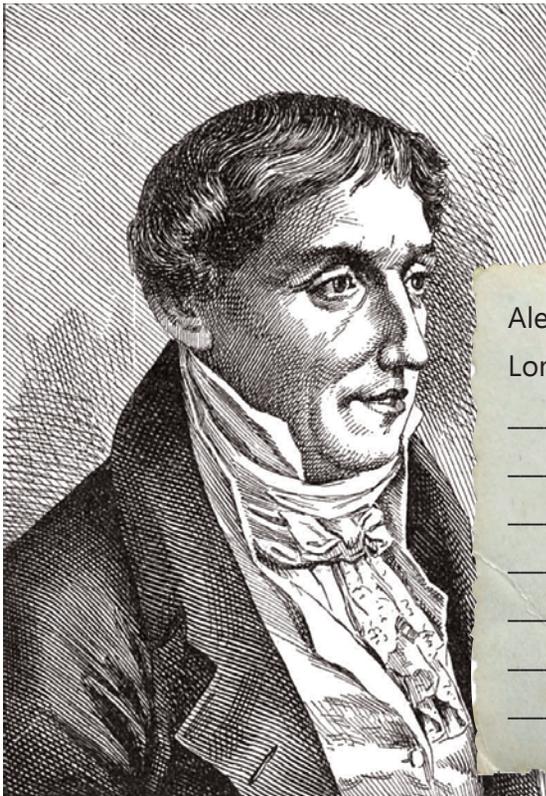
Read the information about Alessandro Volta and write his biography using linking words to join the sentences.



ALESSANDRO VOLTA

- 1745 Born in Como, Lombardy, Italy, go to school there
- 1774 become professor of physics at Royal School in Como, make various inventions
- 1794 marry Teresa Peregrini, have three sons
- 1779 become professor of Physics at the University of Pavia
- 1780 develop the voltaic pile, a forerunner of the electric battery
- 1810 Napoleon make him a Count to honour him
- 1827 die
- 1881 an electrical unit, the volt, take his name

Write your essay here.



Alessandro Volta was born in 1745 in Como, Lombardy, Italy, and _____

A. Vocabulary

1. CROSSWORD: The sixties



ACROSS

- 1. Those kinds of pants were in fashion in the 60s. (2 words)
- 4. Women used to wear those shoes. (2 words)
- 6. Girls used to wear them at school.
- 7. Some boys had long hair and they used to wear it in a ...-...(2 words)
- 8. Young people listened to the Beatles'...

DOWN

- 2. They were short and girls used to wear them. (2 words)
- 3. Young people danced to that music. (3 words)
- 5. Sometimes they wrote their secrets there.
- 7. People used to gather at home and have ...

UNIT 5

2. Look at the following means of transport:

car, bicycle, train, underground, tram,
ferry boat, train, plane, bus

Write down which of these forms of transport...

- ... you often use: _____
- ... you think is the safest: _____
- ... you think is the most comfortable: _____
- ... you think is the cheapest: _____
- ... you can find in your area: _____

3. Match **A** with **B**:

A	B
transport	hunt
steam	shop
treasure	museum
train	time
gift	conductor
bus	train
opening	simulator

4. Complete the signs:

- Way ____ →
- Don't lean _____
- Wait till _____
- Mind _____
- Keep clear _____
- Keep your feet _____



5. Circle the odd word out

- | | | | | |
|----|-----------------|----------|--------------|---------------------|
| a. | ponytail, | braids, | hairbrush, | perfume |
| b. | tunics, | records, | cloaks, | bell bottomed pants |
| c. | tram, | omnibus, | conductor, | double-decker bus |
| d. | horse carriage, | tube, | underground, | train |

6. Circle the correct response

- Excuse me. How can I get to the History Museum?**



a. Great idea!

b. Go straight. It's on the corner of this street.
- How much is it?**



a. It's 5 euros!

b. It's near the station.
- What time is the museum open?**



a. It's 8 o'clock.

b. It's open every day from 9 am to 6pm.
- Is admission free for children?**



a. Yes, it is!

b. Yes, thank you!

B. Grammar

1. Complete the following paragraph with USED TO and words from the box.

make, go, live, tell, walk

I _____ to my mother's village near the sea in August when I was a child.
My grandparents _____ there and were very happy to have me with them.
I liked the sea very much. I _____ to the beach with my grandmother.
It was about half an hour's walk. She _____ me a lot of tales while we were walking.
I still remember some of them. On the beach I _____ sandcastles
with Jenny and Petros. Those were very happy days!

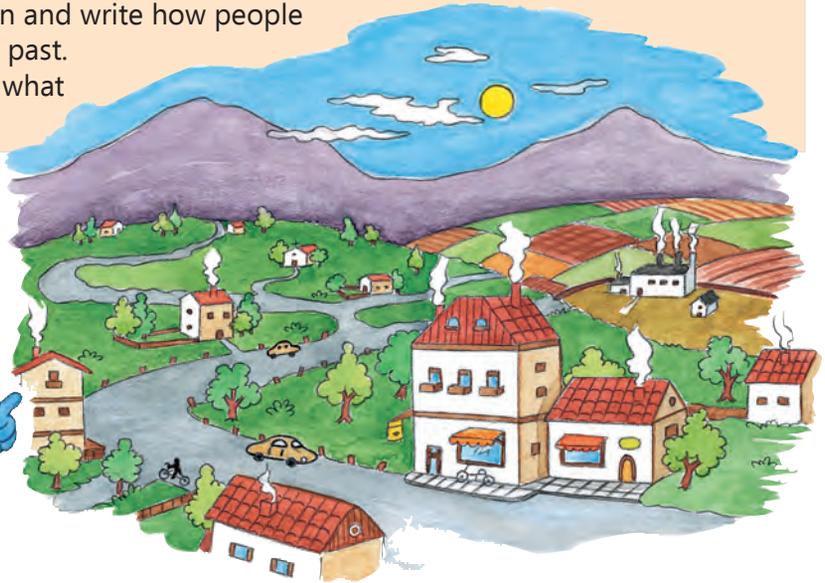
2. Now write a paragraph about how YOU used to spend your holidays when you were 7 years old.



When I was 7 years old, I used to _____

3. Look at the picture of this town and write how people used to live in this town in the past. Say what they used to do and what they didn't use to do.

Use the following words: underground, factories, farms, small houses, and blocks of flats



4. Role play



Pupil A

You are Sakis, a famous singer. A reporter from a magazine is going to interview you about your life before and after you became famous. Think about the following things:

- What you used to look like and how you used to dress.
- What you used to do every day that you don't do now.

Pupil B

You are a reporter from a magazine. You are going to interview Sakis, a famous singer. Prepare questions to find out about:

- What he used to look like before he became famous and how he used to dress
- What he used to do every day

Now write the report for the magazine. Start like this:

In his interview, Sakis, the famous singer told us that he used to be different in the past.

He _____

5. Giving directions: Look at the map and play a role.



Pupil A

You are outside Covent Garden underground station and want to go to the London Transport Museum. Ask **Pupil B** to give you directions.

Pupil B

You are outside Covent Garden underground station and **Pupil A** asks you how to get to London Transport Museum. Give him/her directions.

Now write the actual dialogue between you and your friend:

A Excuse me! Can you tell me the way to the London Transport Museum?

B Yes, of course! It is only a few minutes' walk away.

A

B

A

B

A

B

6. Read the following diary entry.

November 28, 20...
... Alone at home tonight! My parents seem to have a lot of things to do...., my sister went to the cinema with her friends. My mobile isn't ringing. I can't believe it! Anastasia, my best friend, told everyone my secret...

Does the writer seem to be happy? Why / Why not?

7. Now write a diary entry of your own expressing your feelings for a day in your life.

C. Reading and Writing

1. THE LETTER

Dear _____

I haven't heard from you for a long time. I hope you are well. My family and I are fine and very busy. This is the best time for me. Christmas days are coming! We are all buying presents and preparing the house. Our Christmas tree is fantastic!

Last week my class visited a children's hospital. We bought presents and sweets for the children who are there. We stayed for an hour with them. We played and talked in groups. I made two new friends there and I want to visit them again! It was a touching experience!

What about you? Write to me about a school visit that you had last term.

Love
 Joe

This is a letter you received from your pen-friend. What news does he give you?

Now, answer your friend's letter, telling him your news and about a school visit that you had last term.

Make sure you follow the layout of the above letter:

- an opening paragraph
- the main part
- the closing paragraph
- the ending and signature.

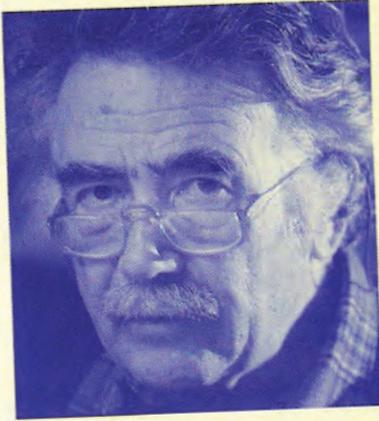
2. Your friend Susan from Great Britain is planning to visit Ioannina, in Western Greece, and wants to know more about the places she can visit.

Last month you visited the National History Museum and took the leaflet below. Send your friend an email giving her information about the museum.

Μουσείο Ελληνικής Ιστορίας
Παύλου Παν. Βρέλλη







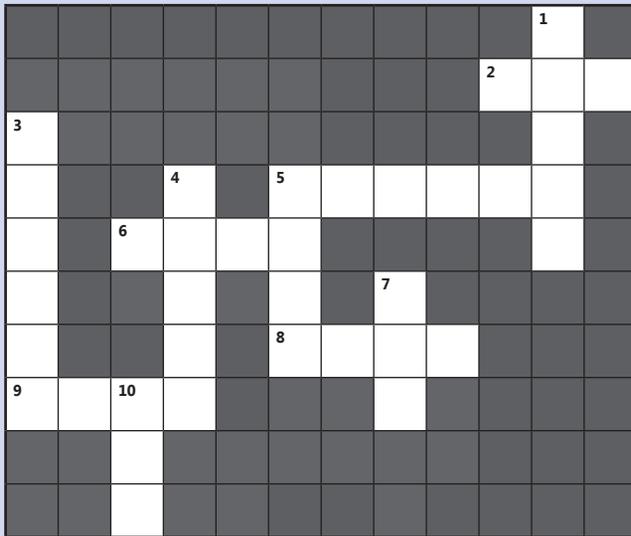
Μουσείο Ελληνικής Ιστορίας
Παύλου Παν. Βρέλλη
Μπιζάνι Ιωαννίνων - 45 500
Τηλ. & Fax: 2651.092128

Το εκδοτήριο εισιτηρίων λειτουργεί:
 Από την 1η Οκτωβρίου έως και την 31η Μαρτίου
 από 10 π.μ. έως 4 μ.μ. (Χειμερινό Ωράριο).
 Από την 1η Απριλίου έως και την 30η Σεπτεμβρίου
 από 9:30 π.μ. έως 5 μ.μ. (Θερινό Ωράριο).
 Στον εσωτερικό χώρο του Μουσείου δεν
 επιτρέπονται:
 το κάπνισμα,
 η φωτογράφιση,
 η λήψη εικόνων με βιντεοκάμερα.

REVIEW 1-5

A. Vocabulary

1. Food containers



ACROSS

- 2. A of cereal
- 5. A of wine
- 6. A of cheese
- 8. A of bread
- 9. A of toothpaste

DOWN

- 1. A of eggs
- 3. A of butter
- 4. A of cake
- 5. A of soup
- 7. A of mayonnaise
- 10. A of rice

2. Cross out the odd word in each group

- a. plain, mountain, earthquake, peninsula, river
- b. copy, drop, paste, print, save
- c. price, bakery, dairy, poultry, groceries
- d. cotton, jacket, leather, silk, nylon

- e. ugly, frightening, disgusting, unattractive, delightful
- f. cockpit, nose, tail, simulator, wings
- g. tube, wheel, train, double-decker, coach

3. Where can you buy the following? Match.

- a pair of earrings
- a newspapers and magazines
- meat and poultry
- bread and cakes
- notebooks and pens

- newsagent's
- stationer's
- jeweller's
- butcher's
- baker's



B. Grammar

1. How many or How much?

- a. _____ milk do you drink?
- b. _____ chickens have you got?
- c. _____ eggs are there in the fridge?
- d. _____ flour do you need?
- e. _____ slices of bread are there in your lunch box?

2. Read the telephone dialogue between Nick and George and underline the correct verb:

George: Hi, Nick! What are you doing / do you do now?

Nick: I'm doing / I do my homework. There is / There was one more exercise for me to finish. What about you?

George: I'm eating / I eat an apple. I am always eating / I always eat fruit after homework.

Nick: Was Peter calling you / Did Peter call you? I didn't see him / I don't see him at school this morning.

George: Yes, he does / he did but my mother was answering / answered the phone. I was having / I had a bath. I'm going to call him back.

Nick: Good. Ask him if we can go for a walk.

3. Comparisons

Look at the pictures of the three animals and compare them using the following adjectives: clever, dangerous, beautiful, frightening, big, friendly, heavy.



C. Reading

Read the text and answer the True / False questions:

THE YO-YO



The yo-yo has been very popular throughout world history and may be the second oldest toy in the world (after dolls). We can see ancient Greek yo-yos made of terra cotta in museums in Athens and yo-yo pictures on the walls of Egyptian temples. We know that important men as Napoleon and the Duke of Wellington used to play with yo-yo. It was popular with any generation such as with kids from 1 to 100 years old.

The modern story of the yo-yo starts with a young gentleman from the Philippines, named Pedro Flores. In the 1920s, he moved to the USA, and worked as a porter at a Santa Monica hotel. Carving and playing with wooden yo-yos was a traditional pastime in the Philippines, but Pedro found that when he was playing yo-yo during his lunch break a crowd gathered to watch him. The name "yo-yo," which means "come-come" started at this hotel. He started a company to make the toys, calling it the Flores Yo-Yo Company.

Donald F. Duncan, a businessman first met the yo-yo during a business trip to California. A year later, in 1929, he returned and bought the company from Flores, with the magic name "yo-yo." About this time, Duncan introduced the looped slip-string, which allows the yo-yo to slip - a necessity for advanced tricks.

The biggest yo-yo boom in history hit was in 1962, because of TV advertising.

True or False?

1. Children in Ancient Greece used to play with yo-yos.
2. Ancient Egyptians used to draw yo-yos at school.
3. Pedro Flores used to play yo-yo before his lunch break.
4. Yo-yo means "stay at the hotel".
5. TV helped yo-yos to become very popular games.

D. Listening

Childhood memories

Match the sentences with the right speaker:

He used to invite friend at home to play.

Speaker _____

He used to play board games with his brother.

Speaker _____

He used to play outdoors.

Speaker _____

E. Speaking



Pair-work

Your friend Stella is at the mini market and wants to go to Tom's house. Look at the map and give her directions how to get there.

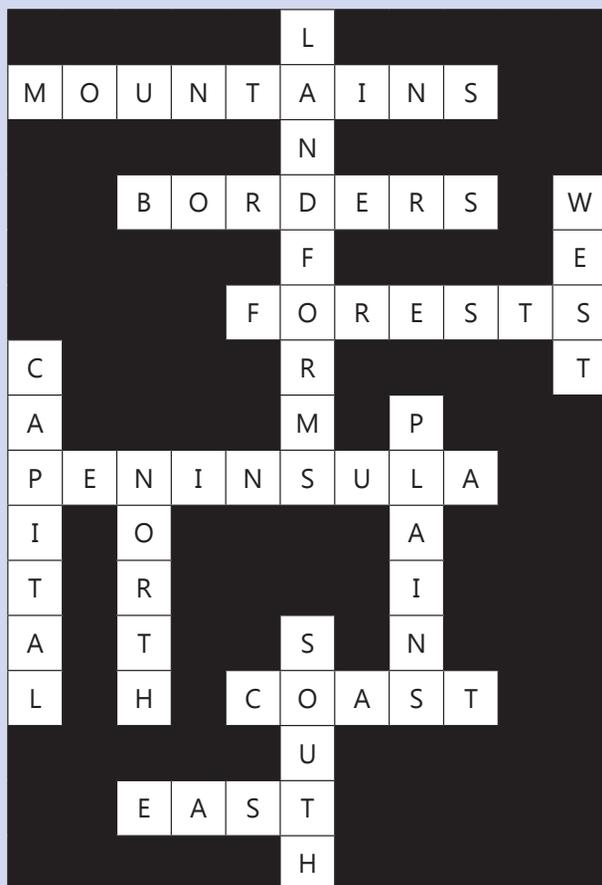


Key to "Check Yourself" tests in the Pupil's Book (Unit 1-5)

Unit 1

Key to Check yourself Test

A. Geography Crossword Puzzle



B. Match

1. **share** borders
2. **drop** below zero
3. **swim** in the river
4. **work** in the coal mine
5. **grow** citrus fruit
6. **split** in two parts

C. Tick the suitable verb

1. **I am having** a great time on this holiday.
2. She's Italian- she **comes** from Rome.
3. —'Are you enjoying your meal?' —'Yes, it's very good.'
4. This term, **I am studying** German.
5. Water **boils** at a hundred degrees.

D. Tick the correct sentence:

1. **A pupil is in the library.**
- a. He is reading a book.
2. **About my hobby?**
- b. I collect stamps.
3. **Some children are at the fast food restaurant.**

- a. They are eating a burger.

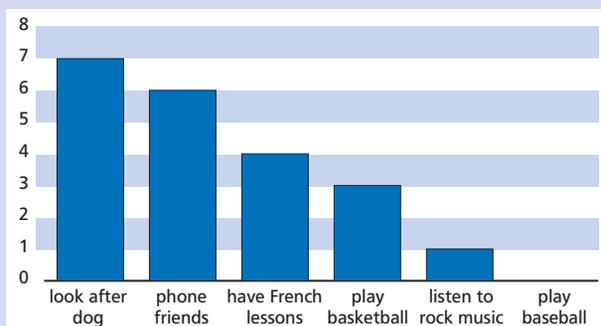
4. Usually at the concert hall...

- a. We listen to music.

5. Alice comes from Great Britain.

- b. It rains heavily there.

E. Look at John's weekly routine.



CORRECT ANSWERS

John always looks after his dog
 He often phones his friends.
 He usually has French lessons
 He sometimes plays basketball
 He rarely listens to rock music.
 He never plays baseball.

Unit 2

Key to Check yourself Test

A. At the super market

- 3 cans of cider
- one carton of milk
- 3 bars of chocolate
- a box of ice cream
- a jar of jam
- a loaf of bread
- a packet of cereals
- a box of doughnuts
- a dozen of eggs
- half pound of mince.

B. Match

- a. 4, b. 1, c. 5, d. 3, e. 2

C. Complete using the correct form of the verbs in the box:

- a. fit, b. match, c. looks, d. suits, e. goes with

D. The bubbles are mixed up. Put them in the correct order to complete the dialogue:

Customer: Excuse me!
 Assistant: Can I help?
 Customer: Do you have any gloves?
 Assistant: Yes, in the glove department.
 Customer: How much are they?
 Assistant: They are 20 €
 Customer: I'll take them
 Assistant: Cash or credit?

Customer: Here is the cash

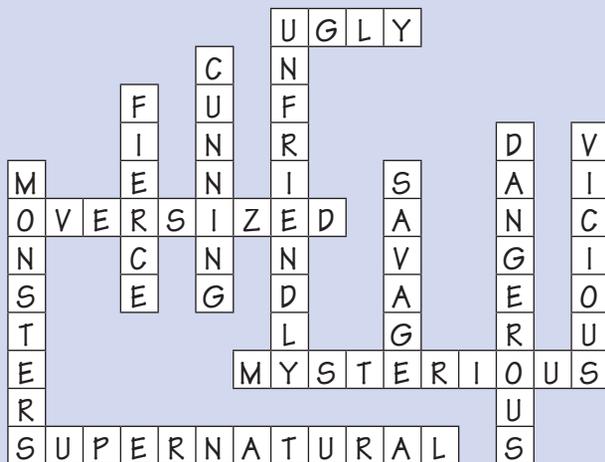
Assistant: Here is your change and...

E. Choose the correct answer:

1 a lot of, 2 little, 3 some, 4 A few, 5 many, 6 How much, 7 How many, 8 any, 9 a little, 10 any

Unit 3

Key to Check yourself Test



B:
kind / unkind, predictable / unpredictable, sensitive / insensitive, friendly / unfriendly, expensive / inexpensive, attractive / unattractive

- C:**
- Monday is warmer than Friday.
 - Thursday is cooler than Tuesday.
 - Friday is the coolest day of the week.
 - Wednesday is the warmest day of the week.
 - Monday is as warm / cool as Thursday.
 - Monday isn't as warm as Tuesday.

- D:**
- Peter runs the fastest of all.
 - Markos runs faster than Steven.
 - Peter throws the disc the farthest of all.
 - Steven jumps as high as Markos.
 - Steven doesn't throw the discus as far as Markos.
 - Peter is the best athlete of the three.

Unit 4

Key to Check yourself Test

A. The riddles

- cockpit
- nose
- tail
- wings
- gravity
- lift

B. The Montgolfier Brothers

invented, launched, was, made, burnt, filled, began, were, sent, lasted, survived, watched

C. Join the sentences

- c
- f
- g
- h
- e
- a
- b
- d

D. Mr Badluck's story

Mr Badluck was packing his suitcase to go to the airport **when** he realised that he was very late. He left in a hurry. **While** he was driving for the airport a bicycle ran into him. Mr Badluck got out of his car to help the cyclist. The cyclist had a bad injury, so Mr. Badluck took him to the nearest hospital. **After that**, he got into his car and **then** rushed to the airport. **As** he was approaching the airport, he saw a plane taking off. He thought: this can't be my plane!! **When** he arrived they informed him that he was very late.... **Finally**, he changed his ticket for the next flight.

Tick what you can do

Tell your pupils that they have now completed unit 4 and remind them of all the things they had the chance to learn. Did they enjoy the unit? Do they have any questions? Instruct them to tick the things that they are able to do now.

Unit 5

Key to Check yourself Test

A. Clothing/Shoes, Hairstyle/Accessories

clothing and shoes: bell bottomed pants, high-heeled shoes, blue uniform

hairstyle and accessories: ponytail, hair brush, braids

B. Missing Information

Opening hours	Sat-Thu 10:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m. Fri 11:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.
Admission	adults: £5.95 pupils: £4.50 children under 16 (accompanied by an adult): free
Location	Covent Garden
Nearest Underground Station	Covent Garden
Phone	(0) 207 37 96 344
Website	www.ltmuseum.co.uk

C. Match the Signs

Do not consume food or drink	Απαγορεύεται η κατανάλωση φαγητού και ποτού
Don't lean against the door. It opens automatically	Μην ακουμπάτε στην πόρτα. Ανοίγει αυτόματα.
MIND THE GAP	ΠΡΟΣΟΧΗ ΣΤΟ ΚΕΝΟ
Wait till the train stops	Περιμένετε μέχρι ο συρμός να σταματήσει
Way out	ΕΞΟΔΟΣ
Keep clear of the doors	ΜΗΝ ΕΜΠΟΔΙΖΕΤΕ ΤΗΝ ΕΞΟΔΟ
Keep your feet off the seats	ΜΗ ΒΑΖΕΤΕ ΤΑ ΠΟΔΙΑ ΣΑΣ ΣΤΑ ΚΑΘΙΣΜΑΤΑ

D. Anastasia's habits

1. Anastasia used to wear glasses.
2. She used to eat healthy food.
3. She used to play the guitar.
4. She didn't use to have short hair.
5. She didn't use to eat hamburgers.
6. She didn't use to ride a motor bike.

E. Directions

- Excuse me, how can I get to the Rex Theatre?
- The nearest underground station is Omonia Square. Take Panepistimiou Street, it's on your left hand, next to the Titania Hotel.
- What time does the film start?
- It starts at eight and it finishes at ten.
- How much is it?
- It's seven Euros.
- Thank you.

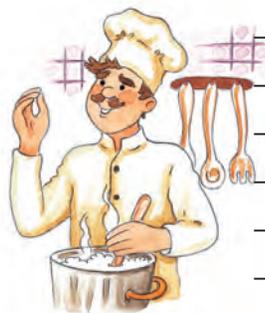
A. Vocabulary

1. Match the jobs to the pictures and write where each professional works.

farmer, waiter, weather forecaster, tour guide, car mechanic

A farmer

He works
in the
country-
side



2. Complete the sentences with the following jobs:

hairdresser, architect, firefighter, chef,
jewellery designer, vet, ecologist, air traffic controller

- a. Peter always wanted to start his own business. Now as a _____ he cooks a variety of meals and delicious desserts.
- b. Tom's father is a (an) _____. Tom is very proud of his father. Yesterday he managed to put out the fire on the second floor of a building and so he saved an old lady's life that could not get out.
- c. Mary is good at designing and drawing. She wants to make building plans and become a(n) _____ one day.
- d. The _____ gave our cat some medicine and now she feels better.
- e. Terry wants to become a(n) _____ like his uncle. He co-ordinates and handles every plane that is taking off or landing.
- f. A(n) _____ may work in a lab or go out to the area in which animals or plants live and study them.
- g. A(n) _____ uses gel, mousse, wax or spray to style the hair.
- h. The job of the _____ requires hand dexterity to create jewels.



3. Match the jobs with the skills/abilities or personal traits:

JOBS
jewellery designer
home health nurse
car mechanic
vet
lifeguard
ecologist

SKILLS/ABILITIES/TRAIT
love for animals
compassionate
good physical condition
understanding how machines work
ability to work in a lab
artistic ability



4. Match the jobs to the school subjects that are necessary:

JOBS
air traffic controller
home health nurse
meteorologist
accountant
tour guide

SKILLS/ABILITIES/TRAIT
foreign languages
health science
electronics
mathematics
science

5. Read the following job descriptions and find the job they describe:

A. _____

Collects and reports news and other information for newspapers and magazines. Attends events, visits places and interviews people to get information of interest. Writes a report or a story, using a word processor in a newspaper newsroom. Spends much of his/her time in an office, but also has to travel a lot to cover the news. Works long hours including evenings and weekends. Writing and speaking ability, hard working, pleasant manner, good listener, ability to report accurately are necessary for this job.



B. _____

Takes the role of a character and communicates it to an audience in live theater productions, or for television, films, video, or radio. Learns lines and rehearses following the director's instructions. Spends a lot of time learning parts. Good speaking voice, ability to work in a team, imagination, good memory and self confidence are important qualities for this job.

Adapted from:
JOBFILE. THE ESSENTIAL
CAREERS HANDBOOK. 2001/2
JIIG-CAL Progressions Ltd.

C. _____

Displays clothes to customers or advertises a range of products. Can do live modelling at fashion shows, or photographic modelling in a studio. May appear in adverts in magazines, newspapers, brochures and posters. There is also television work. If you want to work in this area you should be good looking, outgoing, ambitious, hard working, cheerful and patient.



B. Grammar

1. Complete the sentences with: MAY, CAN, SHOULD, WILL, GOING TO or their negative forms:

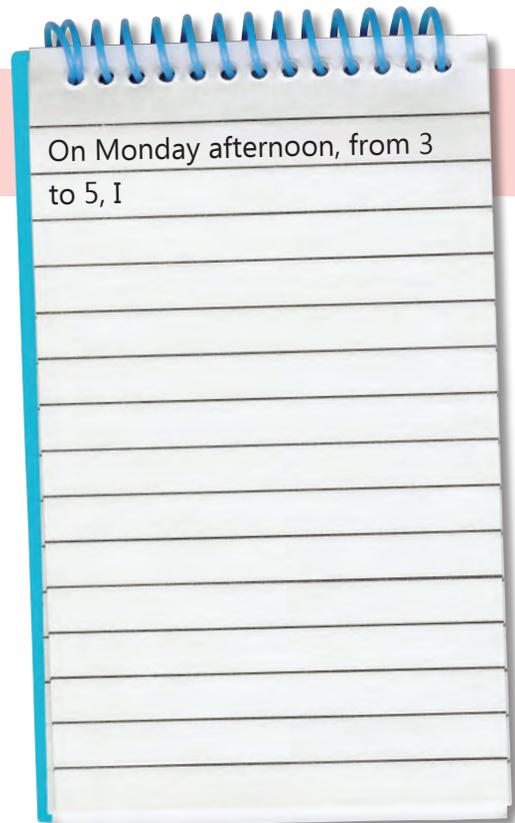


- a. John _____ come to the party, but no one is sure.
- b. You _____ be polite to your classmates.
- c. Mary _____ play the flute very well.
- d. I'm very thirsty. _____ you give me a glass of water?
- e. You _____ work so hard. You look tired.
- f. Oh! It's snowing! I _____ put on my warm coat!
- g. Look out for the cars or you _____ have an accident.
- h. Tomorrow I _____ visit my friend Bill who lives in Patras.
- i. I can't lift this heavy suitcase. _____ you help me please?
- j. The weather _____ sunny tomorrow.
- k. _____ I go to my friend's birthday party?

2. This is Tom's diary for Monday afternoon and evening. He is talking to his friend about his schedule. Write what he is saying:

Monday

- 3-5 p.m.: do my homework
- 5-6 p.m.: play football with friends
- 6-7 p.m.: take a shower and send an e-mail to a pen friend
- 7-8 p.m.: go to the dentist
- 8-9 p.m.: watch television



UNIT 6

3. Complete the following situations:

- a. Your friend: My computer doesn't work. I can't send the e-mail.
You: _____.
- b. Your friend: Will you _____?
You: Of course! It's raining outside!
- c. Your friend: I have to carry all these packets.
You: Be careful. Don't lift them or _____.
- d. Your friend: I don't know what to do with my flowers when I'm away.
You: Don't worry. I _____.
- e. Your friend: I like using my hands and fixing machines.
You: I think you _____.

4. Look at the things Peter, Mary, Markos and Helen like and guess what they may become when they grow old.

Use MAY and write 1 or 2 sentences for each person:



Example: Peter may become a drummer. He likes playing the drums.

Peter _____

Mary _____

Markos _____

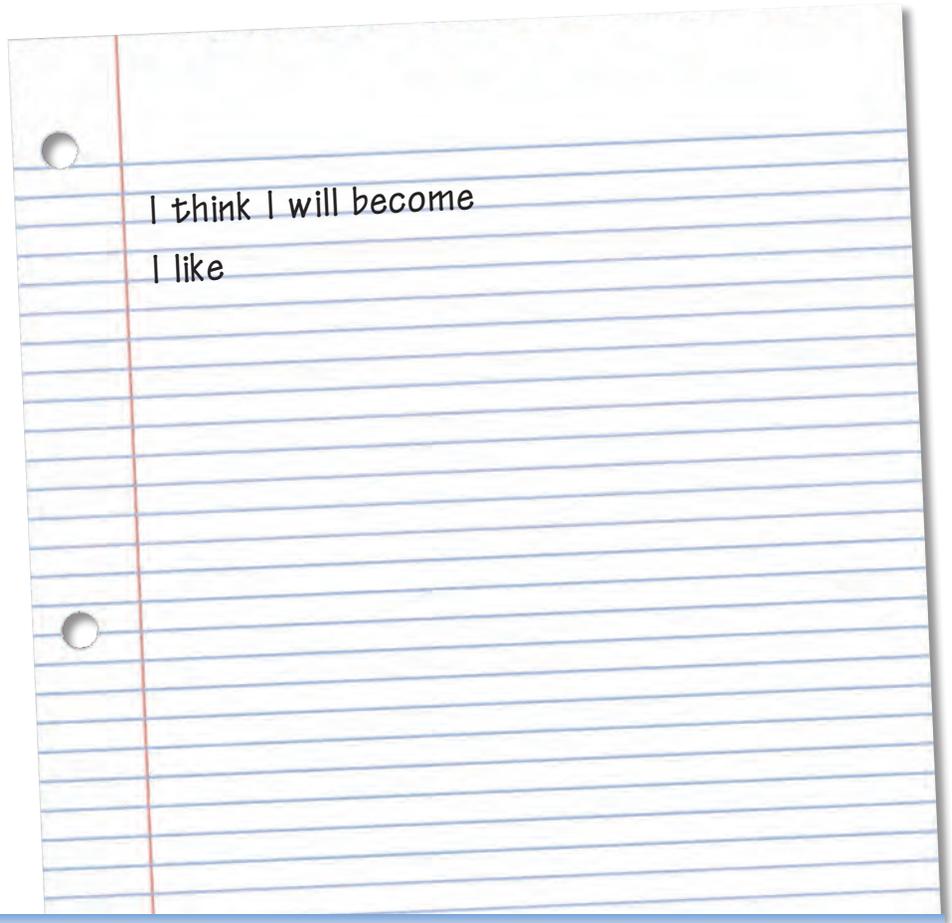
Helen _____

5. Think of your interests. Make a list of 5 activities you enjoy doing.
Make also a list of your school activities or clubs you belong to.

Activities I like doing	
School activities, clubs I belong to	

Now try to predict your future job or jobs and explain why. Start like this:

I think I will become an actress. I like acting and I'm a member of the theatre team in my school.



6. Think about the following situations. What do you say?

- a. You want to go to your friend's name day party. Ask your parents for permission.

- b. Your friend does not study enough. Warn him/her.
Study or you _____
- c. Your mother is trying to fix the flat tyre of the car. Offer to help.

- d. You are a fortune teller. A young man asks you about his future job. Look at the crystal ball and predict a job for him.

- e. You feel sorry for making your friend waiting for you for an hour to arrive. Promise not to do that again.

- f. Your brother wants to become an actor. Give him a piece of advice.

7. You want to learn about your uncle's job who is a COMPUTER PROGRAMMER. Ask him questions to find out about the abilities/skills, likes/dislikes, education and the future of this job.

COMPUTER PROGRAMMER



C. Writing

1. Find information (skills/abilities, school subjects, personal traits, working conditions etc) about a job that you like. Surf on the internet, ask your teacher, parents, relatives, or look at books. Find pictures, as well, if you can. Then make a poster and bring it to the class to show it to your classmates.

2. MEDIATION

Read the following English proverb about work. Is there a similar one in Greek? When do we use it? Do you agree?



All work and no play, makes Jack a dull boy.



3. Do you know the following song? Read it and underline all the predictions that you can find. Then choose a verse that you like and learn it.



Que Será, Será

When I was just a little girl
I asked my mother
What will I be
Will I be pretty
Will I be rich
Here's what she said to me:

Que será, será
Whatever will be, will be
The future's not ours to see
Que será, será
What will be, will be.

When I grew up and fell in love
I asked my sweetheart
What lies ahead
Will we have rainbows
Day after day
Here's what my sweetheart said:

Que será, será
Whatever will be, will be
The future's not ours to see
Que será, será
What will be, will be

Now I have Children of my own
They ask their mother
What will I be
Will I be handsome
Will I be rich
I tell them tenderly

Que será, será
Whatever will be, will be
The future's not ours to see
Que será, será
What will be, will be
Que será, será.

<http://www.webfitz.com/lyrics/Lyrics/1956/211956.html>

A. Vocabulary

1. Match the words:

silver
butterfly
relay
break
recycling
record

a record
race
medal
swimmer
holder
bank

2. Match the following words with their definitions or synonyms. Match **A** with **B**:

A
reporter
champion
longest running show
packed audience
composer
achieve
unique

B
many spectators
a person who writes music
the best athlete or player
someone who works for a TV station, newspaper or a magazine
succeed
the play with the most performances
only one of this kind

3. Cross the odd word out:

- a. freestyle, performance, backstroke, butterfly, breaststroke
- b. poetry, musical, drama, opera, comedy
- c. succeed, manage, achieve, fail, accomplish
- d. win, beat, lose, come first, succeed



4. Look at the pictures. Write sentences about them using a word from the following.

world record, Paralympics,
musical, relay race,
recycling bin



Example: This great athlete has broken the world record in 100m freestyle race.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____



UNIT 7

5. Match **A** to **B** to make correct sentences.

A

1. He has won both 200m and 800m freestyle.
2. What has your last record been?
3. Do you know if relay races and discus throwing are Olympic Games?
4. Well, how long have you been cooking it?
5. Tell me, how long have you had your ferret?

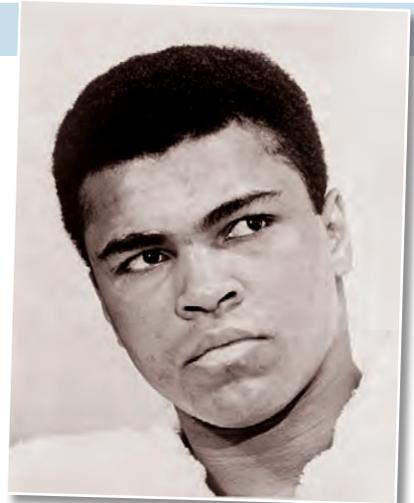
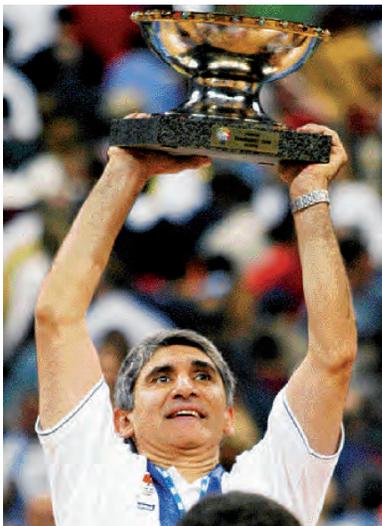
B

- a. I bought him two years ago.
- b. I have won the Elementary School Games in California.
- c. That's fantastic! Does he hold the world record then?
- d. I have been cooking it for 12 hours.
- e. Yes, they are.

6. READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following texts and decide who each person is.

Maradona,
Panagiotis Giannakis,
Mohamed Ali, Madonna



a. I've been called Marilyn's successor! Since the 1970's, I've been a dancer in a nightclub and have recorded many hit records. Most of my records are about love, but some talk about religion. Many people have danced to my records. They've been number 1 both in America and Britain. I've made many videos and a few films. Some of them have been very shocking.

b. My friends call me "Dragon". I have participated as a player in five editions of the Final Four. As the captain of the National Team of my country I have won the Eurobasket Championship both as a player (1987) and as a coach (2005). I have coached my National Team since the Athens Olympics, leading it to the 5th place. I have also coached the National Team at the FIBA World Championship in Japan. On the semi-final game held on September 1, my team beat the USA Dream Team for the first time with a score of 101-95

c. I've learnt to play my sport with a lot of imagination. People say that there is a direct line between my head and my left foot. I've played my sport at the highest level. I've played both for my country in South America and for my Italian club. I've helped my country reach the finals in two World Cups. I've scored most of my goals with my left foot, but I've sometimes used my... hand.

d. I've been a top sportsman. I've been World Champion in my sport three times. I've also been on many TV shows and have made many people happy with my jokes. My opponents haven't been so happy. I've beaten Sony Liston twice, have defeated Jo Frasier and have knocked out George Foreman. But outside the ring, I've worked for peace. I've taken a Muslim name, have had meetings with Muslim leaders in the Arab world and have visited many countries.



B. Grammar

1. It is 10.30 in the morning. It's Jim's birthday today and he has invited his friends over. Look at the pictures and write what each member of the family has done:



Mother _____
 Father _____
 Grandfather _____
 Grandmother _____
 Mary _____
 Jim _____



2. Present Perfect Simple or Simple Past?

John _____ (be) a basketball player for 6 years.
 He _____ (start) playing when he _____ (be) 5 years
 old and _____ (enjoy) it since then. John _____ (join)
 the local team last year and _____ (offer) great help so far.
 Last night John _____ (manage) to score at the very
 last second and so he _____ (give) the victory to his team.

3. For or since?

- a. Anastasia has been a reporter _____ six years.
- b. She has been working for ELS magazine _____ 2005.
- c. Mike and I have scored ten goals _____ last month.
- d. He has been practising very hard _____ the last 2 years.

4. Rewrite the sentences using *for* and *since*.

- a. John moved to Santorini in 2004. He is still living there. He has been living in Santorini.
- b. He bought the ferret two years ago. He still has it. He _____
_____.
- c. They first met the Smiths in 2000. They still know them.
They _____
_____.
- d. George started playing for Panathinaikos in 2006. He is still playing there. He _____
_____.

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:

- a. Lisa is a reporter. She has been writing (write) for a local magazine for the last three years.
- b. She _____ also _____ (work) for a TV channel at the same time.
- c. Lisa _____ (collect) information about the recycling process.
- d. Students _____ (watch) all her TV programmes and want to do many things to protect the environment.
- e. Many students _____ (recycle) paper, bottles, tins etc.
- f. Some of them _____ (write) articles about the protection of the environment for the local newspaper, too.

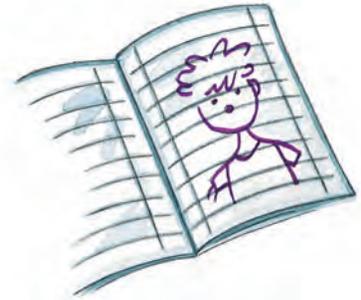
UNIT 7

6. Jim has been in his room doing different things since early this morning. Look at the pictures and write sentences about what he has been doing.



a. He has been doing his homework

b.



c.

d.



7. Complete the sentences with the correct tense (Simple Past, Present Perfect Simple, Present Perfect Continuous) of the verbs in the box:

- a. Sonia _____ the match 1-2.
- b. Peter _____ 4 goals in two games.
- c. Olympiakos _____ the football cup for the sixth time.
- d. George _____ never _____ the world record.
- e. Maria _____ this habit since she was a child.
- f. Amalia _____ on a TV programme yesterday.
- g. Kostas and I _____ never _____ golf.
- h. Fykas _____ since he was four.
- i. I _____ to the theater last night and I liked it very much.
It was a great musical.
- j. This house _____ to my neighbours for seven years.



8. Choose the correct answer a, b or c:

1. **Have you ever ridden a horse?**
 - a. last year.
 - b. Not at all.
 - c. No, I haven't.
2. **Have you ever swum in a river?**
 - a. Yes, I did.
 - b. Not until yesterday.
 - c. Yes, I have. I swam last summer.
3. **Has Tom been studying English for many years?**
 - a. Yes, for 5 years.
 - b. No, he didn't.
 - c. Yes, he does.
4. **When did you start piano lessons?**
 - a. since 2006.
 - b. last week.
 - c. next year.
5. **Have you broken a class record?**
 - a. Not until last year.
 - b. Yes, I did. I ate 3 ice-creams in four minutes.
 - c. No, I haven't. I think I must try harder.



9. Imagine you are a reporter and you are interviewing a famous ballet dancer. Ask him/her questions using the following:

How long/dance?

In which places/dance?

When/best ballet performance?

What/do/recently?

What/do in the future?



A. Vocabulary

1. Put the musical instruments in the box into the right category:



WIND	STRING	PERCUSSION

piano
guitar
violin
flute
drums
oboe
clarinet
trumpet
saxophone
lute (laouto)
tambourine

2. Match the words or phrases in A with those in B:

A	dazzling
	melodic
	attend
	fairy
	scary
	colourful
	first-come
	wealthy
	borrow
	give up

B	guitar
	a performance
	costumes
	first-served
	money
	man
	wolf
	my job
	dances
	tale

UNIT 8

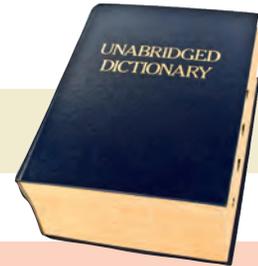
3. Find the opposites of the following:

save money	wealthy man	lend	owe money	win

4. Find synonyms for the following:

dazzling	colourful	intelligent	delightful	electrifying	scary

5. Circle eight words connected with money.
Use a dictionary if necessary.



allowance cosmetics rhythm performance cash venue
 wealth band bill a single penny pay inspire
 pester can't afford to buy reservations lend dollars

6. Put the sentences in order and form the telephone dialogue. (Write 1-9 on the lines.)

- ___ Ok. But wait for me if I'm a little late.
- ___ We will see dances from various parts of Greece. I heard there are great bands and musicians, too.
- ___ What will we see if we choose to go there?
- __ 1 _ What are we going to do tonight Peter?
- ___ Well, there is a music festival in New Smyrni square tonight.
- ___ I want to go. Would you like to come?
- ___ At the corner of Aigaiou and Eleftheriou Venizelou Street, at seven.
- ___ What instruments are we going to hear?
- ___ It sounds nice. Where shall we meet?
- ___ All kinds. Most of the bands are led by the clarinet, but we will enjoy the bagpipe, and the lute, too. Well, what do you say?



B. Grammar

1. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:

- a. If you _____ (go) to the concert, you will listen to your favourite songs.
- b. If I _____ (not go) to the concert, I may go to the cinema.
- c. If you decide to go to the concert, _____ (telephone) me?
- d. You _____ (not forget) their passionate singing if you choose to attend these musicians' performance.
- e. If pupils _____ (study) classical music, they may become more intelligent
- f. You must _____ (practise) very hard if you want to be a great musician.
- g. If I am late for the concert, please _____ (wait) for me.

2. Match sentences from **A** with sentences from **B** to make sentences.



- 1. If a stranger asked me to get into his car...
- 2. If I won the lottery...
- 3. If my best friend wanted to become a singer...
- 4. If I were you...
- 5. If I saw the wolf...



- a. I'd scream.
- b. I'd help the homeless.
- c. I'd refuse politely.
- d. I'd study harder.
- e. I'd advise her not to. I don't think she has a talent.



3. Look at the pictures. What would you do in these situations?
Complete the sentences:

- a. If I were the granny, _____

- b. If I were Alice, _____

- c. If I were that pirate, _____



4. What advice would you give in these situations? Use 'If I were you':

1. Your friend Panos tells you that some boys from another school bully him on the way home after school.

2. Your sister wants to buy a guitar but she doesn't have all the money.

3. Your sister talks on the phone at home all the time, instead of doing her homework. You feel that her marks at school are not going to be good.

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:

1. If Cacophonix _____ (sing) in the village, everyone _____ (leave).
2. If I _____ (not become) a musician, I _____ (become) an actor.
3. If I _____ (can) play the saxophone, I _____ (join) the city band.
4. If _____ (not rain) tomorrow, we _____ (go) to the festival.
5. I _____ (buy) a beautiful house on the beach if I _____ (have) a lot of money.
6. If you _____ (go) to the funfair, please _____ (buy) a T-shirt for me.
7. You _____ (study) harder if you _____ (want) to become a band conductor.
8. If I _____ (meet) Madonna, I _____ (ask) for an autograph.
9. You dance so well! If I _____ (be) you, I _____ (start) ballet lessons!
10. If I _____ (see) a wild animal in the centre of our city, I _____ (be) surprised and I _____ (call) the police!

6. Choose the correct response **a**, **b** or **c**.

1. If Terry comes, he will play the violin!
 - a. Good idea!
 - b. Yes, I can!
 - c. Sure. Let's try!
2. If we go to Paris, we can visit the Eiffel Tower.
 - a. Don't mention it.
 - b. That's right
 - c. That's wrong.
3. Look, a baby cat! What will happen if its mother doesn't feed it?
 - a. Sorry about it.
 - b. We will!
 - c. What's that?
4. If I finish my homework at 8, I may watch television for some time.
 - a. Don't make it!
 - b. That's enough!
 - c. Good! Try to finish early.
5. If I won a lot of money, I would spend it all in one day!
 - a. That's not sensible!
 - b. Sure, let's go.
 - c. What about it?



7. Complete the sentences below with your own ideas

- a. I'll go to the festival if _____
- b. I'll become a singer if _____
- c. If you like Greek folk music, _____
- d. What musical instrument would you choose if _____
- e. If I had a lot of pocket money _____
- f. If I were famous, I _____

8. Two of the following sentences are not correct. Which are they?

- a. I wouldn't tell her if she asked me.
- b. If I had all the money that I needed, I will visit Parc Astérix.
- c. If I met the Wolf, I wouldn't be scared.
- d. If I lost my job, I would be miserable.
- e. She may visit Big Ben if she will go to London.

UNIT 8

9. Imagine you were the Minister of Education. Write three things that you would do to improve music lessons at schools.

Start like this:

If I were the Minister of Education _____

10. Your pen friend Emily wants to visit your hometown next summer. Send her an email. Write three things that you may/will do if she comes.

Hello Emily,
I was glad to hear that you want to come here in the summer.
If you come, we _____



11. These are the wolf's words from the Red Riding Hood story. Read his words and try to understand the following:

- a. What does the wolf mean when he says "don't judge a book by its cover"?
- b. Do you think that the wolf can be sensitive and kind if he wants?

"I will never go near another human as long as I live. I have learned my lesson. So you see, in the end I am not that bad person that you think. I guess that you will just have to get to know me. You know what they say, don't judge a book by its cover. I can be sensitive and kind if I want."

Now imagine that the wolf is in hospital after what has happened to him. Write him a letter of advice. Tell him to stop being mean and learn to be nice and friendly. Remember to use paragraphs and give him some advice. Sign your letter at the end.
Start like this:

Dear Wolf,
I heard that you are in hospital after a bad experience that you had.

I hope you get well soon!

12. Read the following safety tips and answer the questions:

- a. Why do you think you should follow the rules below?
- b. Have you heard of bad experiences that have happened to children?
- c. Do you think it's sensible to inform your parents about where you are going? Why?

SAFETY TIPS

Here are some good rules to follow to protect yourself

1. STAY AWAY FROM STRANGERS

Who is a stranger? If you've seen someone hanging around your playground at school or in your neighbourhood, this does not mean that you know him or her. Although he has a familiar face, he is still a stranger to you!

2. GROWN-UPS SHOULD NOT ASK KIDS TO DO THINGS THAT THE OTHER ADULTS CAN DO FOR THEM

This means that you should not go, or get in a car, with an adult who, for example, asks you for directions. Grownups should not ask you to help them find a lost puppy or kitten, either. If someone asks you for help, say, "*Wait here and I'll check with my Mum or Dad.*" Then go and get your Mum or Dad.

3. ALWAYS ASK YOUR PARENTS BEFORE:

- Going anywhere with anybody
- Leaving the yard, play area, or going to someone's house
- Getting a ride home with someone other than your bus driver or your usual ride
- Getting into a car or going somewhere with somebody even if it's someone you know.

4. ONCE YOU HAVE PERMISSION FROM YOUR PARENTS:

- Tell them where you are going
- Tell them how you will get there
- Tell them who will be going with you
- Tell them when you will be back
- Get back on time and call to let them know when you will be back!

5. IF SOMEONE FOLLOWS YOU ON FOOT OR IN A CAR, STAY AWAY.

You do not need to get near the car to talk to the people inside.

Now imagine you are a mother or a father. Your son/daughter is late from school because he/she spent some time playing at the park with a friend on the way home. How do you feel? What do you say when your child arrives home? Remember how we give advice.

A. Vocabulary

1. Complete the crossword. The pictures will help you:

Clues:

ACROSS

- 1. The air, water and land on Earth.
- 2. Many animals live in it.
- 3. It lives only in non-polluted waters.
- 4. Earth is a...
- 5. People should not leave litter on the...

DOWN

- 1. The planet we live on.
- 3. A sea animal that looks like a star.
- 6. This animal lays its eggs in the sand.
- 7. Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide are called...

2. Match the words or phrases in **A** with those in **B**:



disturb
become
dump
endangered
make
protect
carbon
power
become



waste
their habitat
the environment
a difference
extinct
plant
species
dioxide
waste

UNIT 9

3. Underline the odd word out in each group.

- a. sea turtle, male, seal, bear
- b. industrial waste, litter, rubbish, species
- c. tide, wave, starfish, sea
- d. pollute, save, protect, clean

4. Match the words or phrases on the right with their synonym on the left:

quit
disturb
get rid of
rough
litter
folks

rubbish
hard, difficult
give up
people
throw away
upset

5. Complete the sentences with the following verbs in the right form:

dump, weigh, breathe, recycle, grow, lay, protect

- a. People should _____ endangered animals
- b. If the air is polluted, people can't _____.
- c. We must all try to _____ all the paper that we do not use in schools any more.
- d. Factories shouldn't _____ their waste in rivers
- e. Careta- careta _____ eggs in the sand.
- f. Monk seals grow from around 80 cm to about 2.40 m in length and _____ up to 320 kg,
- g. Sulphur Dioxide makes plants and trees _____ more slowly.



6. Complete with a derivative of the word in the parenthesis (a derivative is the word that comes from another word):

Example: This mountain is very high. Its height is 1 750 metres.

- a. The boy was throwing starfish back into the ocean as fast as he could. He was out of _____ (BREATHE) and it was obvious that he was tired.
- b. Monk seals are very heavy. Their _____ (WEIGH) is around 320 kg.
- c. Carbon Monoxide is a dangerous _____ (POLLUTE).
- d. Many companies are not careful about how they get rid of their _____ (INDUSTRY) waste.
- e. Careta-careta and Monachus-monachus are _____ (DANGER) animals.
- f. Sohpia is a member of the _____ (ENVIRONMENT) team in her school.



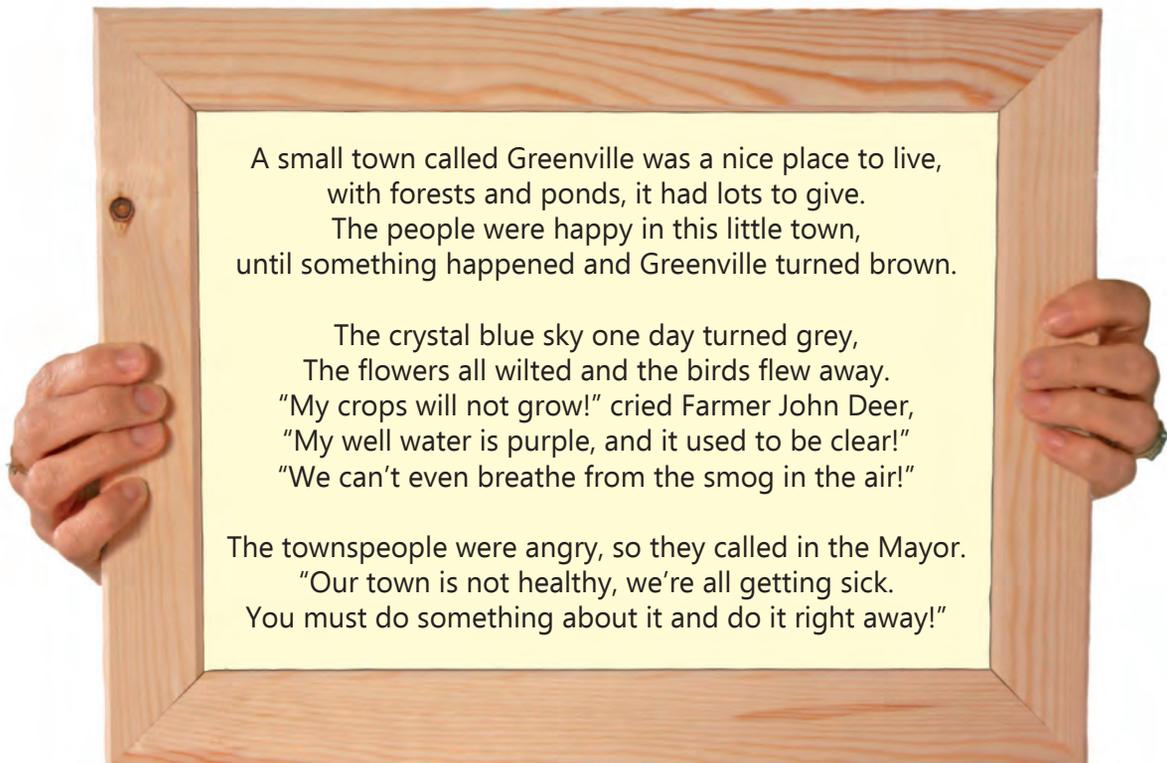
B. Grammar

1. Complete the following sentences using the verbs in brackets. You went back to your parents' village after some years and you found that many things were different. Write what you have noticed:

Example: My best friend Terry was not there. He had gone (go) away.

- a. The tree outside the house was not there. People _____ (cut) it down.
- b. The bridge over the stream was not there. It _____ (fall) down.
- c. The small lake near the village was not clean any more. People _____ (throw) their rubbish in.
- d. The storks that used to live there _____ (fly) away.
- e. My grandfather no longer had his donkey. He _____ (sell) it.

2. A month ago Mr. Green returned to his birthplace – the city of Greenville. He could not recognize his city. Read the following. What do you think had happened and this town was brown when Mr. Green visited it? Write 3 sentences.



3. Make one sentence using the words in brackets and the correct form of the verbs:

Example: The turtles disappeared. Some people built hotels in their habitat. (after) The turtles disappeared after some people had built hotels in their habitat.

a. Mark was sad. Some companies dumped toxic waste on the beach. (**because**)

.....

b. The tide washed up the starfish. Mark arrived. (**when**)

.....

c. The bears left. People took over their natural habitat. (**because**)

.....

d. The dog was in hospital. He broke his leg. (**because**)

.....

e. The birds left the stream. Factories dumped waste there. (**after**)

.....

4. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

a. The wolf _____ (attack) the hunter after he _____ (try) to kill him.

b. The fisherman _____ (kill) the seal because it _____ (destroy) his nets.

c. When Tom _____ (arrive) at the sea, he couldn't swim because some people _____ (throw) bottles, cans and paper in.

d. Maria _____ (leave) the beach when the tsunami _____ (hit) her island.

e. The boy _____ (throw) the starfish into the sea after the tide _____ (wash) them out.



UNIT 9

5. Look at Helen's checklist below. Which of the things on the list had or hadn't Helen done before she left the beach? Use the Past Perfect:

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Collect plastic bags. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Take her suntan oil | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Put her tennis racket in her bag | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Put the towel in her bag. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Throw empty bottles and cans in the recycling bin near the beach. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Pick up colourful pebbles. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |

6. BECAUSE or BECAUSE OF?

- a. He couldn't stay any longer _____ the awful smell.
- b. Tim was surprised to see such a bird in his garden _____ he hadn't seen any for many years!
- c. The cat was at the vet's _____ she had had a car accident.
- d. The citizens felt awful _____ the smog.

7. Arrange the following words or phrases in pairs under the headings: REASON or RESULT:



a lot of turtle eggs break, people disturb natural habitats, have headaches, fish die, bears become extinct, people play games on the beach, dump toxic waste, acid rain, trees grow more slowly, black smoke comes out of the chimneys

REASON	RESULT

Use *because*, *because of*, *so*, *as a result of*, *as* to join the sentences:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

8. Fill in the blanks with *because*, *because of*, *so*, *as a result of* :



- a. The water wasn't clean, _____ the fisherman didn't want to fish.
- b. The bear couldn't find any food to eat, and _____, she feels very hungry today.
- c. The pigeons couldn't find a place to build their nest _____ people had cut down all the trees.
- d. The tourists didn't want to swim _____ the polluted water.

UNIT 9

9. Last summer you visited an island with your parents. You went to a cosmopolitan beach to swim but you couldn't because of the tourists, yachts, boats, ship oil in the water etc. Your friend Shalleen, from Sydney, wants to spend her holiday on that island.



Write an email to her explaining why you weren't able to swim and telling her not to go there.

Summer holidays

Send Now Send Later Instant Message Link Signature Options Insert Categories Projects

To: shalleen@internet.com

Cc:

Subject: Summer holidays

Attachments: none

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Hello Shalleen,

I was glad to hear that you want to spend your summer holidays in a crowded place by the sea. The island you are thinking of going is really beautiful, but when I was there with my parents last summer, _____

_____.

10. Find information about an endangered animal and write a small report to appear in a school magazine. Explain why it is becoming extinct.

C. Reading

1. Read the following story taken from an environmental magazine and answer these questions:

- a. What is Bog Creek?
- b. What was its secret?

THE SECRET OF BOG CREEK

My name is Bob and this is my daughter Jeannie. A couple of times each month we travel up to the farmland of New Jersey to do a little fishing. We talk about school, friends, and sometimes even catch a few fish too!

For years, one of our favorite fishing spots was a stream near an old piece of land called Bog Creek farm. Although Bog Creek farm certainly looked normal, it had a dark secret.

Bog Creek farm looked like an average, everyday chicken ranch. However, some people used the farm as a place to dump their old chemicals and paints. These chemicals were dumped into a 150 foot long trench, about half as long as a football field, which stretched across the property. We knew about Bog Creek farm's secret because we fished so close to the property.

After a few years of secret dumping, a neighbor complained to local officials about the stinky smells that kept coming from the property. After talking it over with the neighbor, the officials decided to visit the owner of Bog Creek farm and check it out for themselves.

The owner told the officials that people had dumped chemicals into the trench on his property for as long as he could remember. After listening to the owner's story, the officials asked the owner to bulldoze the trench and ship the dirt to a special storage area. The owner agreed. However, even after the dirt was shipped away, the stinky smells continued.

A few months later, things started to get a little strange. Whenever my daughter and I went on one of our fishing trips, we began to notice...

2. Now, can you guess what Bob and his daughter began to notice? Write your answer and finish the story.

Example: ...hundreds of dead fish floating in the water. Plants didn't grow fast, the soil and area was polluted because of the chemicals, people and animals near the area felt sick, etc. People took action to clean the environment...

A. Vocabulary

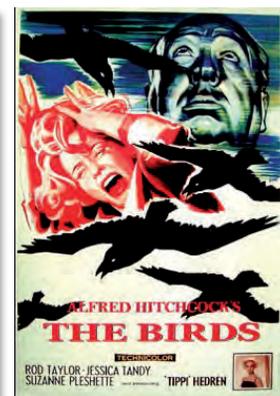
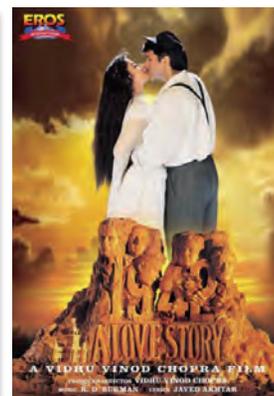
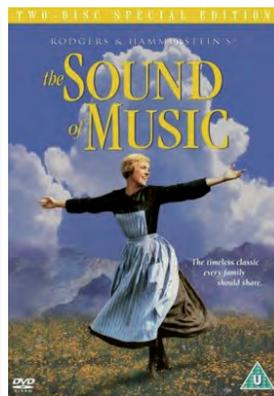
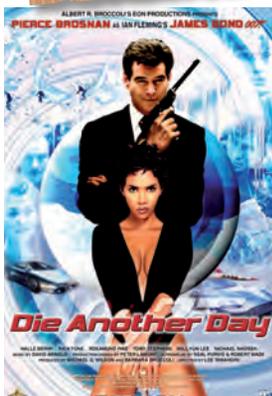
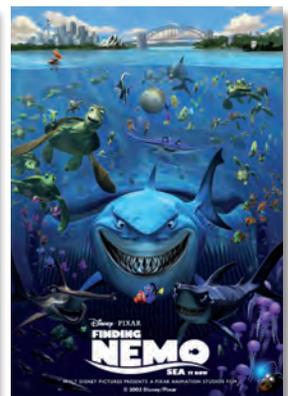
- Put the following words into the lists below.
Which of the words can be put in both lists?

FILMS	BOOKS	BOTH

actor/actress
adventure
review
illustration
cover
novel
plot
publishing house
star
director
role
science fiction

- Look at the posters below and write what type of film each of them shows. Use the words in the box:

science fiction
comedy
horror film
animated film
adventure
musical
love story



3. Complete the sentences with the words from the box:

- a. Higson's first novel, Silver Fin, was a best seller as soon as it _____ in early April.
- b. Tom is a football _____. He goes to football matches every Sunday,
- c. David played the role of a _____ hero, so nobody liked him.
- d. She doesn't care about what she wears. She is always in _____ clothes.
- e. Her _____ in the film is to create a better life for her daughter.
- f. A lot of teenagers don't feel very comfortable because of the _____ on their face.



4. Match the following with their opposites:

handsome
evil
baggy
nasty
scruffy
interesting
crooked

straight
kind
tight
tidy
good
boring
ugly

5. Which of the following words in the box are used to describe the appearance of a person? Which describe the character?

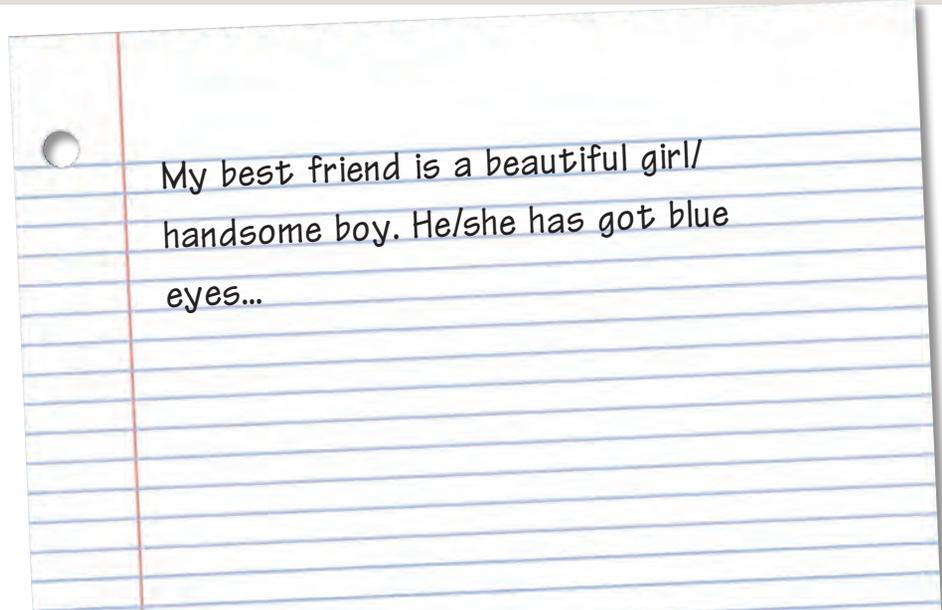
Appearance:	
Character:	

crooked teeth nasty
 scruffy clothes polite
 baggy pants sophisticated
 acne evil
 responsible clever
 a mop of messy hair handsome
 kind tall
 friendly

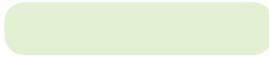
UNIT 10

6. What does your best friend look like? Use some of the appearance words from exercise 4 to describe your best friend. Add any other words that you know.

Start like this:



7. Match the adjectives in the box with the pictures below:



8. Complete the sentences below using the verbs in the box to make adjectives with *-ed* or *-ing*:

bore, disappoint, frighten, move, excite, interest, surprise

- a. I couldn't sleep during the night. The film I saw was so _____.
- b. She couldn't stop her tears. She was _____ by the sad film she had seen.
- c. The film was very _____ and Mary fell asleep.
- d. The story was very _____ and I wanted to read the end of it.
- e. My mother was so _____ to hear such good news!!
- f. It wasn't the film I expected to see. I was very _____.

9. Underline the right adjective to complete these sentences:

- a. Their performance was awful. They were all **disappointed / disappointing**.
- b. Your ideas for the costumes of the hero sound **exciting / excited**.
- c. I was really **surprised / surprising** to hear the end of the story.
- d. I was scared to death. The film was so **frightened / frightening**.
- e. I have nothing to do. I feel so **boring / bored**.

10. Put the sentences in order to form a dialogue. Write 1-13 in the lines.

- ___ Show times are at 7 and 9.30
- ___ Oh! That sounds great! I could go for a film tonight. Is there a good film on?
- ___ No. I haven't. What is it about?
- ___ "Ice Age" is on the Billage Centre... Have you seen it?
- ___ It's about the Ice Age. Ice is starting to melt and this will destroy the valley of three people, so they must find a way to inform everyone about the situation.
- ___ What would you like to do tonight?
- ___ *Ray Romano, John Leguizamo and Dennis Leary* are starring.



- ___ Who is in it?
- ___ Ok. Let's see it. What time does it start?
- ___ Well, I'm in the mood for going to the cinema
- ___ The critics say it's an interesting, family-friendly comedy with excellent characters.
- ___ What do the critics say about it?
- ___ Let's take a bus to catch the 7.00 o'clock show.

B. Grammar

1. Change the following verbs into *Present Simple Passive*:



Example:

- a. do **is / are done**
- b. watch _____
- c. play _____
- d. write _____
- e. publish _____
- f. use _____
- g. direct _____

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the *Passive voice of Present Simple*:

- a. Bond films _____ (see) by thousands of viewers.
- b. Coelho's books _____ (sell) worldwide.
- c. Many films _____ (make) in Hollywood.
- d. The weather broadcast _____ (show) on TV at 6:00 p.m.
- e. Different kinds of magazines _____ (publish) every week.
- f. The internet _____ (use) by many surfers every day.
- g. In the film "the Titanic" hundreds of passengers _____ (drown).

3. Read the prompts below and make true sentences. Use the correct form of the verbs.

Example: The film "The Wild" is set in New York.

- a. The film "The Wild"/set/New York.

- b. Many portraits/display/museum of Louvre.

- c. Taking pictures/allow/museums.

- d. Bond/know/ best spy agent.

- e. The role of Bond /play/many actors.

- f. Smoking/forbid/cinemas.



4. Where can you see the following signs? Match the signs with the places

SIGNS
a. SMOKING IS FORBIDDEN
b. DINNER IS SERVED AT 7.00
c. CREDIT CARDS ARE ACCEPTED
d. IT'S MADE OF PURE COTTON
e. YOU ARE REQUESTED TO HAVE YOUR MOBILES SWITCHED OFF
f. PETS ARE NOT ALLOWED

PLACES
1. in a hotel restaurant
2. on a piece of clothing
3. in a shop
4. at a concert hall
5. on a beach
6. on a train

5. Where can you hear the following? Match **A** to **B**:

A
1. Passengers are requested to come to gate number 22.
2. You aren't allowed to do that.
3. Cheating in exams is punished.
4. Yes, it's a fine product. It is produced in our factory.

B
a. teacher to students
b. a shop assistant giving information
c. at the airport
d. mother to child

6. Use the following pictures to write signs that people can see in a museum:



1. _____

2. _____



3. _____



4. _____





7. You are a reporter and want to interview a classmate about a film he/she has seen.

Prepare some questions to find out which film it is, who is starring, where the film takes place, who it is directed/written by, which novel/book it is based on etc.

Write your questions in your notebook.



8. You want to persuade your friend to see a film that you have seen and you liked a lot. Send him/her an email with a few sentences. Use adjectives ending in *-ed* and *-ing*:

Example:

To: joan@internet.co.uk
Cc:
Subject: An exciting film
Attachments: none

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Hello Joan,
I'm so impressed! Nemo is an exciting animated film. Its moving story will attract you. If I were you, I wouldn't miss this film... _____

_____.



9. You are a film critic. Think of a film that you know well. You want to write a review to appear in a popular magazine.

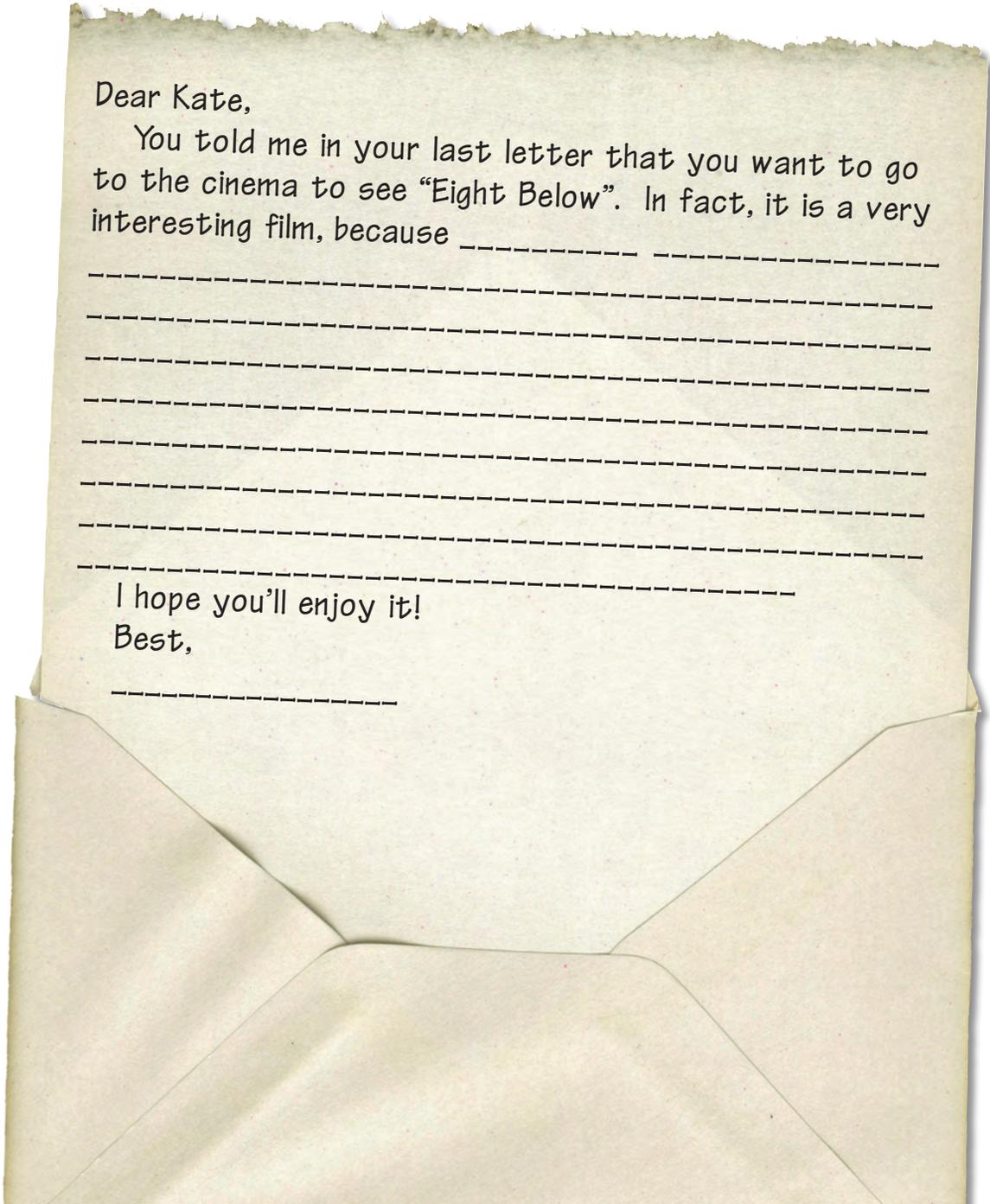
Include: genre, actors/stars, plot/story, setting/background, and climax. Use the information of the project page of your book.



C. Writing

Your friend Kate is interested in going to the cinema. She wants to see the film "Eight Below" but she doesn't know much about it.

Turn to p. 146 of the Pupil's Book and find information about the story and the reviews. You can use adjectives ending in *-ing* to describe it:



REVIEW 6-10

A. Vocabulary

1. What do they do? Choose from the following:

air traffic controller, hairdresser, ecologist, jewellery designer,
life-guard, vet, chef

- She / he cuts and styles hair. She/he is a(n) _____
- She/he handles planes that take off or land. She / he is a(n) _____
- He/she takes metal and precious stones and creates rings, necklaces, earrings etc.
She is a(n) _____
- He/she studies plants and animals to learn how they relate to each other. He/ she is a(n)

- He / she swims very fast. He/she saves people's lives at sea _____
- He / she cooks a wide range of foods and creates recipes. He is a(n) _____
- He / she feeds, waters and examines pets in laboratories/surgeries and animal hospitals.
He/she is a(n) _____

2. Match the words that are related:



freestyle
musical
break
lose
relay
recycling
folk
protect
pay
borrow

the bill
music
bank
race
money
a game
a record
swimmer
instrument
the environment

3. Put the following in the right category:

turtle, industrial waste, litter, novel, star, director, cover, seal, rubbish,
page, bear, actress

animals	pollution	books	films

4. Circle 6 words connected with music:

band, allowance, rhythm, performance, pester, scruffy, flute, string
instrument, wolf, sing

B. Grammar

1. Here are some of the things these pupils like. Can you predict a career for each one of them?

Example: Mary likes decorating her house. She likes drawing too.
Mary will / may become a decorator.

- a. Sophia spends many hours working on her computer. She finds many interesting subjects there.
- b. Stephanos plays football every day. He also goes to football matches with his father.
- c. Jim likes cooking very much. He tries many recipes and makes delicious meals and sweets.
- d. Helena loves animals very much. She feeds, waters and takes care of all the cats of her neighbourhood.

2. Present Perfect Simple, Present Perfect Continuous, Past Perfect or Simple Past? Use the verbs in brackets.

- a. George _____ never _____ (swim) in a river.
- b. Jim and Mary _____ (go) to the cinema last night. They liked the film very much.
- c. The pupils of the sixth grade of our school _____ (collect) information about recycling for two weeks. They want to work on a project.
- d. Dina _____ (practise) the piano for three years. She wants to become a pianist.
- e. When Little Red Riding Hood arrived at her grandmother's house, the wolf _____ (arrive) first.
- f. The wolf _____ (attack) the hunter after he had tried to kill him.

3. Complete the sentences using because, because of, so, as a result of

- a. Many animals laugh at the wolf's big ears and _____ he feels very angry.
- b. Little Red Riding Hood's grandmother didn't recognize the wolf's voice, _____ she opened the door.
- c. The turtles couldn't find a place to lay their eggs _____ people had camped on the sand.
- d. The birds didn't want to stay in the lake _____ the dirty water.

4. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
Use the Passive Voice of Present Simple.

- a. Many films _____ (make) in Hollywood
- b. Smoking _____ (forbid) in cinemas
- c. Taking pictures _____ (not allow) in museums
- d. Many books _____ (publish) every week.
- e. Famous statues _____ (display) in the Acropolis museum.

5. Cross out the wrong adjective:

- a. Tom worked hard. At the end of the day he was tired/ tiring
- b. The film was so boring/ bored that everybody left the cinema earlier.
- c. Stella was surprised / surprising with the end of the story.
- d. Little Red Riding Hood was so frightened/ frightening to see the wolf in her grandmother's bed
- e. The match of the National Basketball Team was so excited /exciting that all the spectators cheered.

C. Reading

Read the text and answer the True / False questions below:

Leatherback Turtles

All over the world, the species of sea turtles are endangered. Endangered means that there are very few left, so they may become extinct.

The leatherback is the largest sea turtle and can grow to be about 2 meters long. The turtle's basic diet is jellyfish, although it eats fish and other sea creatures. They are born on land but live their lives in water. The male leatherbacks never return to land after they are born and the females only return to lay eggs.

There are many reasons why the leatherbacks have become endangered. One cause of endangerment is that many humans and animals think they are a delicious food. Another reason is that humans hunt the adult sea turtles all over the world because they use their skin to make bags and clothes.

More and more, people are using the beaches where sea turtles lay eggs; as a result they lose their habitat. Also the sea turtles are easily disturbed because of the noise and the lights. Another cause is irresponsible fishing. Fishermen often catch sea turtles in their nets so the turtles drown when that happens.

Finally, pollution in the oceans kills many turtles every year. Turtles confuse floating plastic garbage with jellyfish and eat the garbage. But they can't digest the garbage so they die.

True or False?

- | | | | |
|---|------|---|-------|
| a. Leatherbacks like eating only jellyfish. | True | - | False |
| b. The male turtle never returns to land. | True | - | False |
| c. The female turtle lives only in the sea. | True | - | False |
| d. People kill the turtles to eat them. | True | - | False |
| e. Noise and lights annoy the turtles. | True | - | False |
| f. Fishermen catch the turtles with nets. | True | - | False |
| g. The turtles eat jellyfish in plastic bags. | True | - | False |

D. Listening

Pianos are normally found in buildings for obvious reasons. However the piano you are going to hear about in today's radio programme has a more unusual home – the street.

Listen to the programme and answer the questions:

QUESTIONS

- 1. Why is the piano in the street?**
 - a. The piano is too wide.
 - b. The steps are too steep to take it into the house.
 - c. The house is too small.
- 2. What does the council say they will do to the piano?**
 - a. They threaten to take it away.
 - b. They threaten to burn it.
 - c. They say they will put it in the house.
- 3. Local people feel _____ with the council's decision.**
 - a. very sad
 - b. very happy
 - c. very angry
- 4. What do the locals do with the messages of support?**
 - a. They send them to the city council.
 - b. They stick them on the piano.
 - c. They give them to Nick and Doug.

E. Speaking

1. Work in pairs. What would you do if you were the wolf and all animals laughed at your big ears? Exchange ideas.
2. Look at the following pictures and imagine that you want to go to these places. Tell your partner what you can/may see or do there.



Example: I may/can see some statues in the museum.

3. What's wrong?
Bring a picture that shows a crazy or bizarre thing. What's wrong with it?

Example: The monkey has drunk the water from the goldfish bowl.

Talk about the picture.

F. Writing

1. Your friend Joan wants to visit your home town/village this summer. Send her an email explaining what you can do/will see etc if she visits you.
2. Describe the habitats of animals that live in your area/region and then draw a postcard to send it to a friend.

Key to "Check Yourself" tests in the Pupil's Book (Unit 6-10)

Unit 6

Key to Check yourself Test

A. What are their jobs? / What do they do?

1. a doctor
2. an architect
3. an accountant
4. a chef/ cook
5. a fire fighter
6. a Vet(erinarian)

B. Match the predictions

1. d
2. c
3. f
4. a
5. b
6. e

C. What can/may/will they do or say?

Possible answers:

- a. He feels very tired. He may go to bed/ he will rest
- b. "It is dangerous to wear high heeled shoes in the factory. You will/may have an accident".
- c. "Don't buy this huge Christmas tree, it will cost a lot".
- d. "Take your umbrella with you, it will/may rain".
- e. The door is locked so the thief won't be in.

D. Mr Badluck's diary

On Monday he is going to see the manager.
On Tuesday he is going to have a sales meeting
On Wednesday he may visit his uncle Peter.
On Thursday he is going to call Unicef.
On Friday he may play golf with James.

E. Write: a promise, an offer, a request and a warning you make to your friend.

1. I'll fix it tomorrow (promise)
2. Don't because you will get tired (warning)
3. Don't worry. I'll feed it for you. (offer)
4. Yes, but will you, please, switch it off now? (request)

Unit 7

Key to Check yourself Test

A. Match the words:

freestyle swimmer, relay race, musical performance, skateboard ramp, achieved a record, recycling bank, record holder, playful pet, gold medals, two billion dollars

B. Going away on holidays

Dear mom and dad,

I want to tell you what I have and haven't done before leaving.

I haven't cleaned my room; I have left the key under the door mat etc.

C. Complete the best things that you have ever done or have ever happened to you

1. It's the most interesting book I have ever read
2. She's the kindest person I have ever met

- He's the cleverest man I have ever known
- That's the most beautiful song I have ever heard
- It's the most expensive prize I have ever won
- It's the worst film I have ever seen
- It's the saltiest soup I have ever tasted

D. Circle the correct expression:

1 a, for 6 years; 2 b, since 1999; 3 a, for a week; 4 a, for 8 months; 5 b, since 18th March

E. The leaflet about Olympia

1 has been, 2 was, 3 started, 4 arrived, 5 have hosted, 6 have returned, 7 have competed, 8 has revived, 9 have visited, 10 have built.

Unit 8

Key to Check yourself Test

A. What am I?

a. violin, b. piano, c. drum, 4. guitar.

B. Match the verb with a noun

1 attend/present a music event, 2 write lyrics, 3 attend/present a performance, 4 play an instrument, 5 blow a trombone, 6 sing a song.

C. Fill in the blanks

- Don't you think the music event we **attended** was boring?
- John Lennon **wrote** the lyrics to many of the Beatle's best songs.
- Most musicians **play** their instruments up to five hours a day!
- When my brother **blows** the saxophone I can't sleep
- Our class **presented** the famous play "A *midsummer night dream*"
- Some of the best rock singers **don't sing** their songs, they shout them!

D. Fill in the blanks with the correct word or phrase from the box

- Don't **waste** your money on that junk!
 - I usually **lend** my CD player to Dave and he never gives it back on time.
 - He left as a poor boy and returned as a **wealthy** man.
 - You can only **borrow** six books from the library at a time.
 - His father gives him a monthly **allowance** of 20 Euros.
 - Mum never **spends** any money on herself.
 - They **owe** my brother \$50.
 - I'll **pay** you back on Friday; I don't have any money now.
- E. Complete with appropriate sentences
Accept correct sentences.

F. Match the sentences

1 b, 2 c, 3 a.

Unit 9

Key to Check yourself Test

A. 1. pollution; 2. waste; 3. extinct; 4. endangered; 5. habitat; 6. lay

B. 1 d, 2 j, 3 i, 4 f, 5 a, 6 b, 7 h, 8 g, 9 c, 10 e

C.

REASON	RESULT
people disturb habitats	animals become extinct
smog	have headaches
dump industrial waste	fish die
hotels on the beach	baby turtles take the wrong way
acid rain	trees grow more slowly

POSSIBLE ANSWERS:

- People disturb the habitats, as a result animals become extinct
- Because of the smog, we have headaches
- Factories dump industrial waste, so fish die
- Because of the hotels on the beach, baby turtles take the wrong way
- Because of acid rain, trees grow slowly

D. POSSIBLE ANSWERS:

- People had littered the beach
 - A factory had dumped industrial waste
 - people had thrown plastic bags
- E. went, saw, had cut, had flown, had left, had thrown, had never felt, decided

Unit 10

Key to Check yourself Test

A. Illustrations, spy, handsome, baggy pants, mop of messy hair, nasty, acne, crooked teeth, scruffy, hit the shelves.

B. 1. interested; 2. exciting; 3. boring; 4. frightened; 5. surprised; 6. bored; 7. moving; 8. surprising; 9. interesting; 10. moved

C. 1. C; 2. F; 3. B; 4. D; 5. E; 6. A

D. 1. are recorded; 2. are illustrated; 3. are advertised; 4. are written; 5. are not allowed; 6. Are... sold; 7. are sent; 8. is signed

E. *Mary: What do you feel like doing tonight?*

Peter: I am in the mood for going to the cinema.

Mary: What's on?

Peter: "Finding Nemo"

Mary: I haven't seen it? What's that about?

Peter: It is a computer-animated film about the adventures of the fish Nemo

Now Pupils can work on the following activity in the workbook:

Grammar section: 9

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